

Public Transport Performance Statistics 2011



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Finnish Transport Agency
P.O. Box 33
FI-00521 HELSINKI, Finland
Tel. +358 (0)20 637 373

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Summary

The purpose of these statistics is to generate data on the volumes of domestic passenger traffic supply and demand and the impact of the financial investments made by public authorities, which are useful as a basis for transport policy decisions. The statistics cover domestic rail transport, buses and coaches, taxis and air transport. Funding will be discussed solely with reference to financing of transport services.

The statistics comprise the following items: the supply of transport services in terms of vehicle and place kilometres and demand as indicated by passenger numbers and passenger kilometres. Statistical data are provided on sources of public funding, the allocation of direct transport funding to increasing the supply of transport and reducing costs, and the distribution of indirect funding (reimbursement of travel expenses) between different types of transport.

In 2011, the total supply of public transport was 1.5 (in 2009: 1.5) billion vehicle kilometres, of which 47 per cent (47%) comprised collective services and the remainder charter services. The total number of passengers in public transport was 593 (567) million, and total funding was EUR 973 (852) million, of which collective services received 59 per cent (63%). EUR 371 (329) million was allocated for the direct purchase of transport services, compensations of transport deficits or general funding of fare reductions, while a further EUR 602 (523) million of indirect funding was used for the reimbursement of travel expenses for special population groups, of which 34 per cent (41%) was directed to collective transport services.

Foreword

Statistics Finland has produced this volume of transport performance figures for the year 2011 at the request of the Finnish Transport Agency. The statistics have been drawn up largely on the same principles as the corresponding volume for 2009, Ministry of Transport and Communications: Publications 14/2011. Statistics Finland produced respective statistics for 2007, 2005, 2003, 2001, 1999, 1997, 1995 and 1993 while EP Logistics Oy prepared a preliminary report for 1992.

The steering group members for these transport statistics were Hannu Kuikka and Pietari Pentinsaari, the Finnish Transport Agency; Marko Vihervuori and Jenni Nikula, Helsinki Region Transport; Anne Vierimaa, ELY Centre of Uusimaa; Mikko Saavola, Finnish Bus and Coach Association; Laura Merivirta, Finavia; Elisa Ranta, The Association of Finnish Local and Regional Authorities; Ville Jaakola, Finnish Taxi Association and Rauno Viita and Matti Kokkonen, Statistics Finland. The working group was chaired by Ossi Nurmi from Statistics Finland who also supervised the work. The statistics were compiled by Ritva Tikkanen from Statistics Finland

The statistics cover all passenger transport by train, tram, underground, bus, taxi and air within Finland. Only the ferry transport between Helsinki and Suomenlinna Island is included of waterborne transport. Passenger car transport is included in data describing the market shares of all passenger transport.

These statistics examine the performance of public transport, as well as the direct and indirect general government funding provided for them to monitor the impact of this funding. The examination of financial inputs is restricted exclusively to transport itself.

Unlike previous statistics, capacity data on public transport have no longer been collected, except to the extent that data are needed for the calculation of performance statistics.

Helsinki, April 2013

Finnish Transport Agency
Status information

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Symbols used in the tables and other abbreviations

-	Data is zero.
0 or 0,0	The figure is smaller than the magnitude used in the presentation.
..	No data.
empty	The data is illogical to be presented.

Pass-km	Passenger kilometre
Ferry to SI, SI Ferry	Ferry to Suomenlinna Island

ELY Centres	the Centres of Economic Development, Transport and the Environment
HSL	Helsinki Region Transport
LAL	the Finnish Bus and Coach Association
YTV	the Helsinki Metropolitan Area Council

Euro-denominated data are presented at current prices.

NB! Due to technical issues, commas are used as decimal separators and spaces as thousands separators in the tables and graphs.

Introduction

The purpose of this volume of public transport performance statistics is to generate data on the volumes of domestic passenger transport supply and demand and the impact of the funding of public authorities (state and municipalities), which are useful as a basis for transport policy decisions. The statistics cover domestic passenger transport by rail, tramway, underground railway, buses and coaches, taxis and air. Only the ferry transport between Helsinki and Suomenlinna Island (SI) is included of waterborne transport. Passenger car transport is included in data describing the market shares of all passenger transport.

The statistics examine both collective and charter transport. The focus when examining the various transport systems is entirely on transport as such, and excludes infrastructure costs arising from the operation of various modes of transport and the administrative costs of public bodies responsible for transport services.

The measured performances are:

- supply of transport services in vehicle and passenger kilometres
- demand for transport services in passenger numbers and passenger kilometres.

The statistical information on general government (state and municipalities) funding covers:

- sources of funding
- allocation of direct funding to the promotion of supply and reduction of costs
- allocation of indirect funding to the various types of transport.

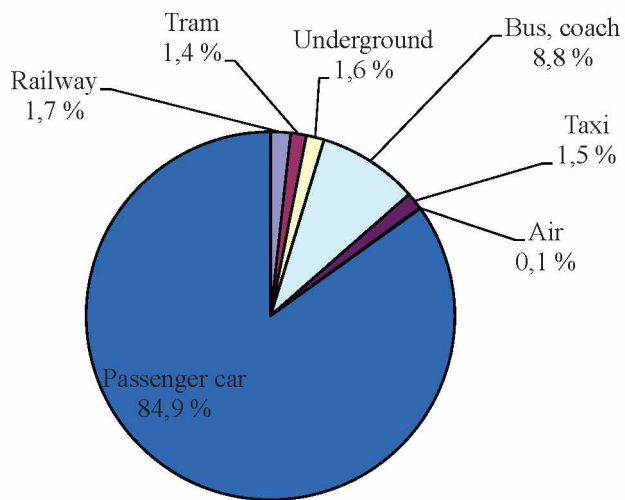
The main statistical results for 2011 and 2009 are indicated in the following table, together with percentage changes between the two. Information is also provided on the proportion of total public transport accounted for by collective transport as opposed to charter transport.

PUBLIC TRANSPORT PERFORMANCE STATISTICS	2011		2009		Change, %
		<i>share of collective transport</i>		<i>share of collective transport</i>	
PERFORMANCES, million					
Vehicle kilometres	1 509	47 %	1 486	47 %	1,5 %
Place kilometres	46 890	83 %	46 601	83 %	0,6 %
Number of passengers	593	89 %	567	89 %	4,6 %
Passenger kilometres	11 718	82 %	11 217	83 %	4,5 %
FUNDING, EUR million					
Direct funding, purchases	327	99 %	290	98 %	12,8 %
Direct funding, ticket subsidies	44	100 %	39	100 %	13,5 %
Reimbursement of travel expenses	602	34 %	523	41 %	15,1 %
Total	973	59 %	852	63 %	14,2 %

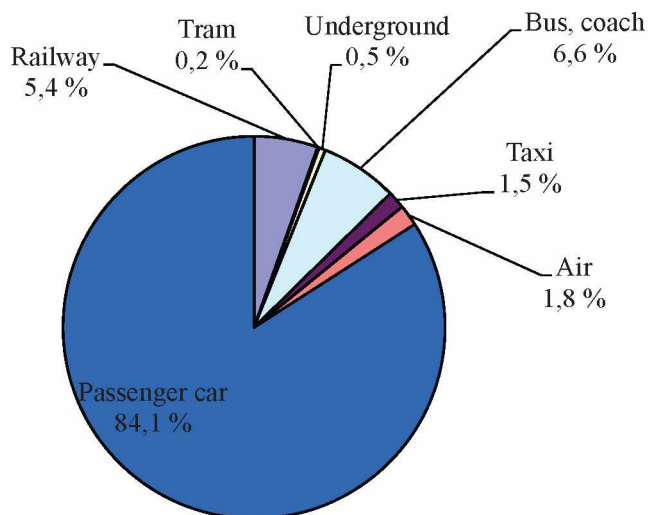
1 Market shares of passenger transport

These public transport performance statistics cover domestic public transport by rail, tramway, underground railway, buses and coaches, taxis and air. They also cover the ferry running between Helsinki and the island of Suomenlinna, because it is operated by Helsinki City Transport. In addition, the examinations of market shares also extend to passenger car transport, for which information on passenger numbers is based on the 2010–2011 National Travel Survey and passenger kilometres have been estimated as the mean of the data from the National Travel Survey and from the Finnish Transport Agency.

Market shares of passenger numbers 2011:



Market shares of passenger kilometres 2011:



Passenger numbers and passenger kilometres according to Public transport performance statistics of 2011 and 2009:

Million	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	Pass. car	TOTAL	of which public transport, %
2011 Passengers	68,4	53,7	61,5	346,8	58,5	2,7	1,7	3 329,1	3 922,3	15,1
2011 Pass. km	3 964,6	117,6	396,5	4 825,5	1 085,5	1 323,7	4,5	61 866,9	73 584,7	15,9
2009 Passengers	67,6	54,9	57,3	325,9	57,5	2,3	1,5	3 286,3	3 853,4	14,7
2009 Pass. km	3 918,4	114,2	418,2	4 539,1	1 068,8	1 154,3	4,2	61 698,1	72 915,1	15,4
Change 2011-09, %										
Passengers	1,2	-2,2	7,3	6,4	1,7	14,9	7,1	1,3	1,8	
Pass. km	1,2	3,0	-5,2	6,3	1,6	14,7	6,5	0,3	0,9	

In the performances of passenger cars, the data on vehicle kilometres are based on the figures of the Finnish Transport Agency and the data on passenger numbers on the National Travel Survey, while the data on passenger kilometres are calculated as means of the figures of the Finnish Transport Agency and the National Travel Survey. The time series of passenger car performances has been calculated with data from the 1998–99 Passenger Transport Survey, and the 2004–05 and 2010–11 National Travel Surveys¹, which have been raised to the annual level by using the total population of Finland as the coefficient.

Passenger car performances:

Million	1997	1999	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Vehicle km	36 790	39 190	40 680	41 675	42 565	43 530	44 220	44 610	45 560	45 285	45 950	46 245	46 780
Pass. km	52 611	55 263	57 391	58 582	59 781	61 033	61 295	61 361	61 818	61 433	61 698	61 696	61 867
Trips	2 827	2 940	3 037	3 085	3 134	3 186	3 204	3 223	3 243	3 265	3 286	3 307	3 329

The 2010–11 National Travel Survey examined the market shares of all passenger transport inclusive of non-motorised transport. To allow comparisons, the results from the Survey are presented below. According to the Survey, the market shares of passenger transport were as follows:

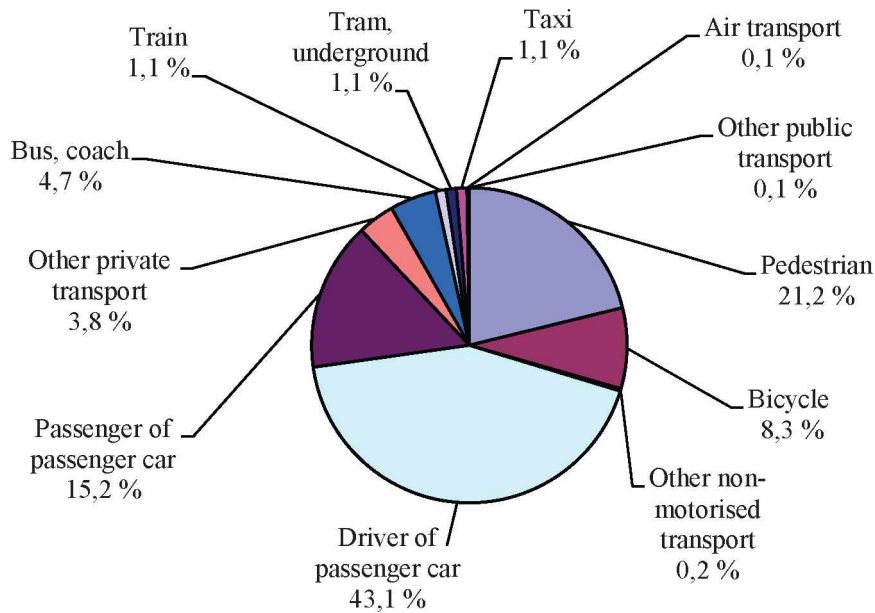
Daily trips and travelled kilometres according to the 2010–11 National Travel Survey

Mode of travel	Pedestrian	Bi-cycle	Other non-motorised transport	Driver of passenger car	Passenger of passenger car	Other private transport	Bus, coach	Train	Tram, underground	Taxi	Air transport	Other public transport	TOTAL
trips/person/d	0,61	0,24	0,01	1,25	0,44	0,11	0,14	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,003	0,004	2,89
km/person/d	0,99	0,73	0,07	20,80	9,10	1,84	2,96	2,71	0,23	0,34	1,50	0,29	41,39

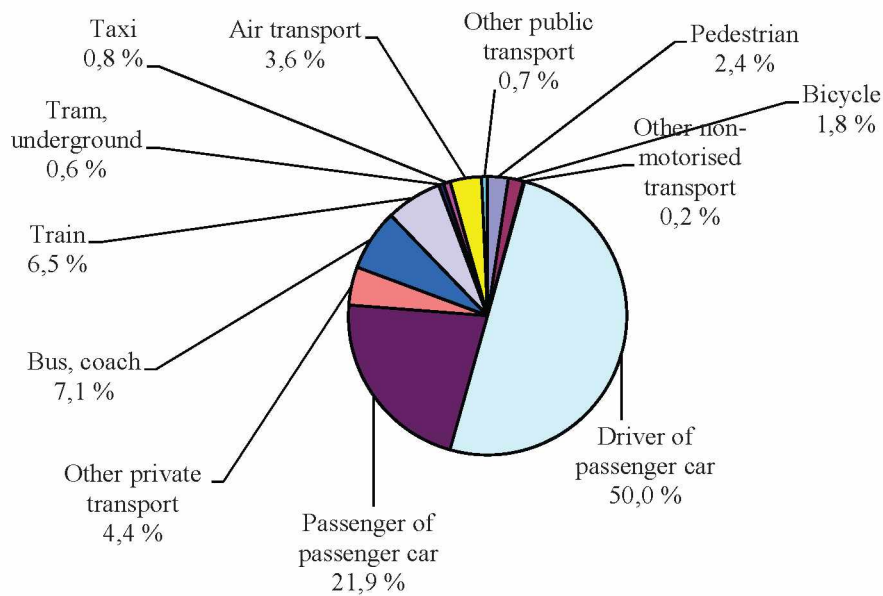
¹ The National Travel Survey 2010–11. Finnish Transport Agency; The National Travel Survey 2004–05. Ministry of Transport and Communications; The Passenger Transport Survey 1998–99. Ministry of Transport and Communications. Publications 43/99. Additional information is available at www.hlt.fi

The share of public transport was 0.24 trips/person, or 8.2 per cent, of daily trips and 8.04 kilometres/person, or 19.4 per cent of daily performance, which is slightly more than in these statistics on transport performances (15.9%).

Average distribution of journeys as daily numbers of trips according to the 2010–11 National Travel Survey:



Average distribution of journeys as daily travelled kilometres according to the 2010–11 National Travel Survey:



2 Public transport performances and funding

This Section presents data from compiled public transport performance statistics. Comprehensive data of these (2011) and the previous (2009) statistics are presented at the end of this Section. The results should be viewed in the light of the uncertainty factors discussed in Section 5.

The time interval for funding data is two years because they are only collected in connection with the compilation of these public transport performance statistics. Performance data are also collected for statistics on the market shares of public transport, so their time interval is one year.

2.1 Performances

The tables show the supply and demand of public transport in Finland. From 2002 onwards, the performance figures for buses and coaches also include non-member companies of the LAL.

The accuracy of the statistics on the passenger numbers and passenger kilometres of the VR-Group has improved since 2006, so the data on 2006 and 2007 are not fully comparable with those on earlier years. The improved accuracy applies to the numbers of journeys recorded with monthly tickets and statistics on the track kilometres between certain connections. Due to this, the numbers of passengers and passenger kilometres are slightly lower than in the statistics compiled with the earlier method but the difference is, however, less than two per cent

The more accurate length of average journey used since 2006 in the calculation of passenger kilometres in rail transport in the YTV area is based on a survey of ticket types. In the years prior to this, the data on passenger kilometres were obtained direct from the VR-Group. For this reason the more accurate data in these statistics on passenger kilometres in the YTV/HSL area between 2006–2011 cannot be compared direct with data in other statistical publications on the topic, such as Statistics Finland's Yearbook of Transport Statistics.

Seat and place kilometres offered on long-distance trains are not fully comparable between 2009 and 2011 due to a change made in calculation methods in 2010.

Vehicle kilometres, million

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	175,4	5,4	8,9	433,2	678,9	20,5	0,1	1 322,3
1999	178,1	5,3	11,1	442,4	714,2	22,1	0,1	1 373,4
2001	178,1	5,5	11,7	454,8	728,5	23,3	0,1	1 401,9
2002	183,7	5,5	12,9	484,9	728,5	21,7	0,1	1 437,3
2003	188,4	5,5	12,9	454,2	721,7	22,3	0,1	1 405,1
2004	184,8	5,3	13,0	459,2	729,8	23,3	0,1	1 415,5
2005	183,3	5,3	13,2	457,2	769,2	24,4	0,1	1 452,6
2006	180,5	5,2	13,1	454,4	815,4	24,2	0,1	1 492,9
2007	182,5	5,2	13,5	458,5	829,0	22,7	0,1	1 511,4
2008	186,9	5,4	13,5	463,8	833,9	22,7	0,1	1 526,3
2009	186,0	5,5	14,2	451,1	806,2	22,7	0,1	1 485,8
2010	185,0	5,4	14,2	456,8	799,1	22,7	0,1	1 483,3
2011	192,0	5,4	14,6	451,5	820,8	24,5	0,1	1 508,8

Seat kilometres, million (including sleeper seats)

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	10 067	213	577	20 450	3 415	2 025	24	36 772
1999	10 469	211	719	20 400	3 682	2 300	24	37 805
2001	10 885	219	755	20 989	3 787	2 435	18	39 088
2003	11 563	218	833	20 917	3 685	2 374	18	39 607
2004	11 141	233	840	21 152	3 740	2 410	19	39 535
2005	11 039	227	850	20 985	3 894	2 361	20	39 376
2006	11 329	223	843	20 813	4 321	2 378	21	39 928
2007	11 776	220	873	20 894	4 253	2 245	22	40 282
2008	12 051	235	871	21 063	4 281	2 384	22	40 906
2009	12 136	248	918	20 546	4 139	2 111	22	40 120
2010	11 180	259	920	20 576	4 103	2 054	22	39 114
2011	11 666	265	951	20 400	4 214	2 404	24	39 924

Place kilometres, million

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	11 179	472	1 284	23 830	3 415	2 025	41	42 247
1999	11 623	470	1 598	24 503	3 682	2 300	41	44 216
2001	12 095	490	1 682	25 459	3 787	2 435	23	45 972
2003	12 238	505	1 852	24 754	3 685	2 374	24	45 431
2004	11 841	489	1 871	24 910	3 740	2 410	22	45 283
2005	11 716	485	1 891	24 806	3 894	2 361	21	45 174
2006	12 252	478	1 876	24 551	4 321	2 378	22	45 878
2007	12 793	476	1 941	24 843	4 253	2 245	23	46 574
2008	13 110	501	1 944	25 115	4 281	2 384	23	47 358
2009	13 198	524	2 042	24 564	4 139	2 111	23	46 601
2010	12 138	539	2 031	24 831	4 103	2 054	23	45 720
2011	12 770	558	2 106	24 813	4 214	2 404	25	46 890

Passenger numbers, million

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	50,0	53,6	42,3	330,1	48,5	2,6	1,2	528,3
1999	53,2	55,5	49,5	338,1	51,0	2,8	1,4	551,5
2001	55,0	57,3	52,8	347,5	52,0	2,9	1,4	568,9
2002	57,7	56,1	54,9	345,4	52,0	2,7	1,5	570,3
2003	59,9	56,8	55,4	335,4	51,5	2,6	1,3	562,9
2004	60,1	56,6	55,4	326,8	52,1	2,8	1,4	555,3
2005	63,5	55,6	56,0	320,7	54,9	2,7	1,4	554,8
2006	63,8	52,8	56,8	318,6	58,1	2,8	1,4	554,2
2007	66,7	52,7	56,2	319,6	59,1	2,7	1,5	558,6
2008	69,9	53,9	57,6	331,4	59,5	2,7	1,5	576,5
2009	67,6	54,9	57,3	325,9	57,5	2,3	1,5	567,1
2010	69,0	54,5	57,1	339,8	57,0	2,2	1,6	581,1
2011	68,4	53,7	61,5	346,8	58,5	2,7	1,7	593,2

Passenger kilometres, million

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	3 376	116	301	4 600	902	1 133	3,3	10 432
1999	3 414	121	360	4 608	947	1 245	3,7	10 697
2001	3 282	119	385	4 685	965	1 319	3,8	10 759
2002	3 318	117	401	4 888	966	1 217	4,1	10 910
2003	3 338	118	404	4 642	957	1 206	3,6	10 669
2004	3 352	119	404	4 663	969	1 308	3,8	10 818
2005	3 478	117	409	4 565	1 019	1 289	3,8	10 879
2006	3 574	110	414	4 728	1 077	1 344	3,9	11 251
2007	3 820	110	411	4 731	1 096	1 338	4,0	11 509
2008	4 093	112	420	4 894	1 105	1 332	4,0	11 959
2009	3 918	114	418	4 539	1 069	1 154	4,2	11 217
2010	4 041	113	417	4 814	1 058	1 099	4,3	11 546
2011	3 965	118	397	4 825	1 085	1 324	4,5	11 718

Sources: VR-Group; Finnish Bus and Coach Association; Helsinki Region Transport; Tampere Public Transport; Turku Collective Transport Board; ELY Centres; Finnish Taxi Association; Finavia; Statistics Finland: Financial statements statistics of bus and coach companies; Suomentinnan liikenne Oy.

Regional transport refers to inter-municipal transport taking place in the area of more than one municipality, (usually) covered by a single tariff. The data are included in the passenger numbers and kilometres given in the preceding tables.

The data on passenger numbers in regional transport have been collected from HSL and from the Seitti system of ELY Centres. Numbers of journeys made have been used as numbers of passengers. Estimates on average lengths of journeys are based on data from the mid 2000s obtained from the Provincial State Offices of that time. Passenger kilometres have been obtained by multiplying the number of passengers by the average length of a journey. Short-distance transport on local trains within the HSL/YTV area has also been classified as regional transport. Regional transport comprises small volumes of collective taxi transport. For the area of Uusimaa ELY Centre, the table shows regional transport in the HSL/YTV area (excluding the internal transport of the cities of Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen and Vantaa) and in the rest of the province separately.

Regional transport data 2011 and 2009, bus and coach transport

HSL, ELY centre	2011			2009		
	Passengers, million	Average journey length, km	Passenger km, million	Passengers, million	Average journey length, km	Passenger km, million
HSL (2009: YTV), regional	55,7	10	562	50,1	10	506
South Ostrobothnia	0,1	10	1	0,1	10	1
Southeast Finland	0,4	25	10	0,5	25	14
Central Finland	0,6	10	6	0,6	10	6
Lapland	0,2	27	6	0,3	27	7
Pirkanmaa	2,9	10	29	2,8	10	28
North Ostrobothnia	0,6	22	13	0,7	22	15
North Savo	0,9	29	27	1,0	29	30
Uusimaa	2,7	25	67	3,2	25	80
Southwest Finland	3,7	10	37	3,6	10	36
TOTAL	67,8	11	758	62,9	11	723

Sources: Helsinki Region Transport; ELY Centres.

2.2 Public funding

All funding figures are presented exclusive of value-added tax. The sums presented in the funding figures are given as net, that is, the fare revenues possibly accrued by the funding sources are deducted from the gross costs. Similarly, items not directly belonging to the running of transport services, such as infrastructure costs, are deducted from the expenses.

The method for calculating funding has varied dependent of the available data. In respect of reimbursements of travel expenses data for these statistics were derived from the Seitti material of ELY Centres and these were used to calculate data on local government funding for 2003–2011. Because data for 2001 and earlier were calculated with a different method, the data for 2003 and 2001 on local government funding are not fully comparable.

Funding is distributed between direct funding (purchases of transport services by central and local governments, fare subsidies, i.e. purchases of fare reductions, and compensation for deficits in contract transport) and reimbursements of travel expenses according to the following tables. Appendix 4 contains a more detailed breakdown of purchases and fare subsidies. Compensations of deficits in contract transport are regarded as purchases in these statistics. Calculated surplus of underground transport (only mode of transport showing surplus) has been given as zero in previous statistical releases because it has been regarded as amortisation of investment expenditure arising from construction of the underground. From the 2011 statistics onwards, the calculated surplus of underground transport has been included in full. The data have also been entered retrospectively up to the year 1997.

Sources of funding total, EUR million

EUR million	Central government			Local government			TOTAL		
	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	77,5	68,6	146,1	118,4	167,8	286,1	195,9	236,3	432,2
1999	75,5	85,8	161,3	116,7	182,0	298,7	192,2	267,8	460,0
2001	77,2	96,1	173,3	134,0	200,3	334,3	211,2	296,4	507,6
2003	77,7	104,1	181,7	149,6	248,9	398,6	227,3	353,0	580,3
2005	83,4	105,6	189,0	148,4	277,1	425,5	231,8	382,8	614,6
2007	82,1	135,5	217,6	170,6	308,0	478,7	252,8	443,5	696,3
2009	95,6	168,8	264,4	232,9	354,7	587,6	328,5	523,5	852,0
2011	100,6	205,9	306,5	270,2	396,4	666,6	370,8	602,3	973,1

Sources of funding for collective transport, EUR million

EUR million	Central government			Local government			TOTAL		
	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	73,0	29,2	102,2	118,4	81,3	199,7	191,3	110,5	301,9
1999	70,4	37,3	107,7	116,7	82,6	199,3	187,2	119,9	307,0
2001	72,9	42,7	115,6	134,0	86,7	220,7	206,9	129,4	336,3
2003	77,3	47,0	124,3	149,6	117,7	267,3	226,9	164,7	391,6
2005	80,0	33,3	113,3	148,4	130,7	279,1	228,4	164,0	392,4
2007	78,6	34,3	112,8	170,6	155,1	325,7	249,2	189,4	438,6
2009	91,1	41,1	132,2	232,9	174,2	407,1	324,0	215,3	539,4
2011	96,1	43,1	139,3	270,2	161,2	431,4	366,4	204,4	570,7

Sources of funding for charter transport, EUR million

EUR million	Central government			Local government			TOTAL		
	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Direct funding	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	4,6	39,4	43,9	-	86,4	86,4	4,6	125,8	130,4
1999	5,0	48,5	53,5	-	99,4	99,4	5,0	147,9	152,9
2001	4,3	53,4	57,7	-	113,6	113,6	4,3	167,0	171,3
2003	0,4	57,1	57,5	-	131,3	131,3	0,4	188,3	188,7
2005	3,4	72,3	75,7	-	146,5	146,5	3,4	218,8	222,2
2007	3,6	101,2	104,8	-	152,9	152,9	3,6	254,2	257,7
2009	4,5	127,7	132,2	-	180,4	180,4	4,5	308,1	312,6
2011	4,4	162,8	167,2	-	235,2	235,2	4,4	398,0	402,4

Allocation of total funding by type of transport, EUR million

EUR million	Long-distance transport	Urban transport of major cities*)	Other urban transport	Other collective transport	Regular charter transport	Other charter transport	TOTAL
1997	48,5	98,0	29,8	125,5	25,1	105,2	432,2
1999	47,9	94,6	31,6	133,0	26,2	126,7	460,0
2001	50,2	102,4	38,6	145,2	26,1	145,2	507,6
2003	54,9	110,0	42,4	184,3	45,8	142,9	580,3
2005	43,0	108,4	47,9	193,1	55,3	166,8	614,6
2007	38,1	121,5	57,1	221,9	57,1	200,6	696,3
2009	43,1	171,3	73,1	251,8	65,7	246,9	852,0
2011	46,7	204,5	82,2	237,3	95,8	306,6	973,1

*) Helsinki, Espoo and Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku.

Allocation of total funding by mode of transport, EUR million

EUR million	Railway	Tram	Underground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	63,5	4,1	-3,8	214,1	152,4	0,9	1,0	432,2
1999	62,3	2,1	-5,1	224,6	174,6	0,4	1,1	460,0
2001	65,3	5,1	-5,9	245,8	195,4	0,4	1,5	507,6
2003	70,8	6,0	-7,6	294,7	214,1	0,7	1,6	580,3
2005	62,9	3,9	-11,0	311,7	243,4	1,3	2,3	614,6
2007	61,3	4,6	-11,8	347,1	292,2	0,5	2,4	696,3
2009	69,5	13,3	-8,3	422,1	350,5	2,3	2,6	852,0
2011	80,8	9,4	-17,6	477,3	417,7	2,8	2,7	973,1

Allocation of direct funding by mode of transport, EUR million

EUR million	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach			Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
				Total	Purchases	Fare subs.				
1997	55,1	3,9	-4,2	138,9	126,2	12,6	0,7	0,5	1,0	195,9
1999	52,5	2,0	-5,5	140,9	127,5	13,4	1,2	0,0	1,1	192,2
2001	55,2	5,0	-6,3	154,3	137,5	16,8	1,5	0,0	1,5	211,2
2003	56,7	5,0	-8,6	170,9	148,3	22,6	1,5	0,2	1,6	227,3
2005	54,5	2,4	-12,6	183,2	157,6	25,5	1,3	0,8	2,3	231,8
2007	52,8	2,7	-13,7	207,3	178,8	28,5	1,3	-	2,3	252,8
2009	59,3	10,9	-10,9	263,1	225,0	38,1	1,8	1,7	2,6	328,5
2011	71,9	7,2	-20,2	304,0	262,8	41,2	2,9	2,3	2,7	370,8

Allocation of reimbursement of travel expenses by mode of transport, EUR million

EUR million	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	8,4	0,2	0,4	75,3	151,7	0,4	0,0	236,3
1999	9,8	0,1	0,4	83,7	173,4	0,3	0,0	267,8
2001	10,0	0,1	0,5	91,5	193,9	0,4	0,0	296,4
2003	14,1	1,0	1,0	123,8	212,5	0,5	0,0	353,0
2005	8,4	1,6	1,6	128,6	242,1	0,5	0,0	382,8
2007	8,5	1,8	1,9	139,9	290,9	0,5	0,1	443,5
2009	10,2	2,4	2,5	159,0	348,7	0,6	-	523,5
2011	9,0	2,2	2,6	173,3	414,8	0,5	-	602,3

Sources: Ministry of Transport and Communications; Ministry of Defence; Ministry of Employment and the Economy; ELY Centres; Social Insurance Institution; Helsinki Region Transport; Tampere Public Transport; Turku Collective Transport Board; Statistics on the Finances and Activities of Municipalities, Statistics Finland; Passenger transport costs of municipalities, Ministry of Transport and Communications 40/97; Transport services 2001, Ministry of Transport and Communications Report, 3 June 2001.

The following performance figures (vehicle kilometres) could be determined for transport services purchased by ELY Centres and the Ministry of Transport and Communication:

Purchased transport	2011		2009	
	EUR million	km, million	EUR million	km, million
Ministry of Transport and Communications:				
Purchase of long-distance transport				
- railway transport	34,7	6,2 *)	31,4	6,6 *)
- air transport	1,2	..	1,0	..
Purchase of short-distance transport				
- railway transport	10,1	4,7 *)	10,3	4,4 *)
ELY Centres:				
Purchase of basic transport	23,4	29,0	24,1	25,2
- bus	20,5	27,7	22,3	23,3
- taxi	2,9	1,4	1,8	1,9

*) train km

Sources: Ministry of Transport and Communications; Finnish Transport Agency; VR-Group.

2.3 Collective transport funding of ELY Centres

The division into provinces was abolished as of the beginning of 2010 and replaced with the division into 15 ELY Centres, of which nine are also responsible for matters related to transport. The figures in the tables do not include collective transport development, testing and communication costs.

Collective transport funding by ELY Centre 2011, EUR million

EUR million	Purchases of basic transport services	Local transport	Service transport	Urban tickets	Regional tickets	Commuter tickets	TOTAL
ELY centre							
South Ostrobothnia	2,5	0,5	0,2	0,4	0,2	-	3,7
Southeast Finland	1,2	0,6	0,3	1,2	0,2	-	3,6
Central Finland	1,6	0,1	0,2	0,8	0,4	-	3,2
Lapland	2,4	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,2	-	3,3
Pirkanmaa	1,5	0,1	0,0	0,0	1,3	-	3,0
North Ostrobothnia	4,6	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,3	0,0	5,9
North Savo	5,8	0,2	0,4	1,1	0,7	-	8,3
Uusimaa	2,2	1,0	0,3	1,0	0,6	0,7	5,7
Southwest Finland	1,6	0,9	0,1	0,3	1,9	-	4,8
TOTAL	23,4	3,8	2,1	5,7	5,9	0,7	41,6

Source: Finnish Transport Agency

Collective transport funding by ELY Centre 2009, EUR million

EUR million	Purchases of basic transport services	Local transport	Service transport	Urban tickets	Regional tickets	Commuter tickets	TOTAL
ELY centre							
South Ostrobothnia	2,4	0,3	0,2	0,4	0,2	-	3,5
Southeast Finland	1,4	0,5	0,3	1,2	0,3	-	3,7
Central Finland	1,6	0,1	0,2	0,7	0,4	-	3,0
Lapland	2,3	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,2	-	3,3
Pirkanmaa	1,5	0,3	0,0	0,0	1,3	-	3,1
North Ostrobothnia	4,0	0,4	0,4	0,7	0,5	0,0	5,9
North Savo	7,0	0,2	0,4	1,0	0,7	-	9,4
Uusimaa	2,2	1,2	0,6	1,2	1,2	0,9	7,2
Southwest Finland	1,7	0,8	0,1	0,4	1,8	-	4,8
TOTAL	24,1	4,1	2,5	5,7	6,6	0,9	43,9

Source: Finnish Transport Agency

ELY Centres also allocate state subsidies to service transport and its performance figures are included in the other given figures.

State subsidies by ELY Centre to service transport and its passenger numbers in 2011

ELY centre	State subsidy, EUR million	Vehicle kilometres	Passenger numbers	Funding, EUR/ passenger
South Ostrobothnia	0,2	477 000	116 887	1,8
Southeast Finland	0,3	651 000	121 103	2,9
Central Finland	0,2	94 000	23 455	7,8
Lapland	0,2	233 000	90 914	2,5
Pirkanmaa	0,0	29 000	4 651	3,4
North Ostrobothnia	0,3	414 000	79 940	3,6
North Savo	0,4	607 000	159 441	2,6
Uusimaa	0,3	436 000	123 380	2,4
Southwest Finland	0,1	144 000	21 732	4,4
TOTAL	2,1	3 085 000	741 503	2,8

Source: Finnish Transport Agency

State subsidies by ELY Centre to service transport and its passenger numbers in 2009

ELY centre	State subsidy, EUR million	Vehicle kilometres	Passenger numbers	Funding, EUR/ passenger
South Ostrobothnia	0,2	390 000	95 509	2,2
Southeast Finland	0,3	426 000	100 000	3,3
Central Finland	0,2	80 000	30 500	5,1
Lapland	0,3	200 000	70 000	3,7
Pirkanmaa	0,0	40 000	10 000	4,0
North Ostrobothnia	0,4	534 000	105 535	3,6
North Savo	0,4	600 000	153 000	2,9
Uusimaa	0,6	1 335 000	490 116	1,1
Southwest Finland	0,1	79 000	47 416	1,6
TOTAL	2,5	3 684 000	1 102 076	2,2

Source: Finnish Transport Agency

2.4 Turnover of public transport

The following tables present the turnover of public transport by type of transport as well as the change between 2011 and 2009. Direct funding refers to purchases of transport by central and local government, state subsidies and the net amounts of deficit compensations of major cities. Reimbursements of transport expenses include compensations to special groups and discounted tickets of special groups.

In 2011, public transport was subsidised to the extent of 12.6 per cent including air transport and 13.6 per cent excluding air transport, calculated by dividing direct funding by turnover. The corresponding figures for 2009 were 12.1 per cent and 13.2 per cent.

Turnover of public transport 2011, EUR million

2011, EUR million Mode of transport, type of transport	Turn- over	Central government			Local government			Total general government				
		Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Share of turnover	Sub- sidising rate
Railway transport total	421	45,6	5,1	50,8	26,2	3,8	30,1	71,9	9,0	80,8	19,2 %	17,1 %
Long-distance transport	320	34,7	3,6	38,3	-	-	-	34,7	3,6	38,3	12,0 %	10,8 %
Helsinki regional transport area	52	0,9	-	0,9	26,2	1,8	28,0	27,1	1,8	28,9	55,9 %	52,4 %
Other short-dist. transp. in Helsinki	49	10,1	1,5	11,6	-	2,0	2,0	10,1	3,5	13,7	27,7 %	20,5 %
Tram, underground and SI Ferry	75	2,2	-	2,2	-12,5	4,8	-7,7	-10,3	4,8	-5,5		
Bus transport total	1 196	48,7	39,4	88,0	255,4	133,9	389,3	304,0	173,3	477,3	39,9 %	25,4 %
Bus transport in major cities 1)	347	5,9	0,2	6,1	165,8	9,2	175,0	171,7	9,4	181,1	52,1 %	49,4 %
Bus and coach charter transport 2)	192	4,4	1,8	6,3	-	55,2	55,2	4,4	57,1	61,5	32,0 %	2,3 %
Other bus transport 3)	656	38,3	37,3	75,6	89,6	69,5	159,1	127,9	106,8	234,7	35,8 %	19,5 %
Long-distance transport	85	-	5,6	5,6	-	-	-	-	5,6	5,6	6,6 %	-
Other route service transport	571	38,3	31,7	70,0	89,6	69,5	159,1	127,9	101,2	229,1	40,1 %	22,4 %
Taxi transport total 4)	1 019	2,9	160,9	163,8	-	253,8	253,8	2,9	414,8	417,7	41,0 %	0,3 %
Air transport	221	1,2	0,5	1,7	1,1	-	1,1	2,3	0,5	2,8	1,3 %	1,1 %
TOTAL	2 932	100,6	205,9	306,5	270,2	396,4	666,6	370,8	602,3	973,1	33,2 %	12,6 %

Sources: VR-Group; Finnish Bus and Coach Association; Helsinki Region Transport; Tampere Public Transport; Turku Collective Transport Board; Finnair Plc; Blue1 Ltd; Flybe Finland Oy; ELY Centres; Statistics Finland.

Turnover of public transport 2009, EUR million

2009, EUR million Mode of transport, type of transport	Turn- over	Central government			Local government			Total general government				
		Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Direct funding of travel	Reimb. exp.	Total	Share of turnover	Sub- sidising rate
Railway transport total	412	41,9	5,6	47,6	17,3	4,6	21,9	59,3	10,2	69,5	16,9 %	14,4 %
Long-distance transport	320	31,4	3,9	35,3	-	-	-	31,4	3,9	35,3	11,0 %	9,8 %
Helsinki regional transport area	53	0,2	-	0,2	17,3	1,9	19,2	17,6	1,9	19,5	36,6 %	33,1 %
Other short-dist. transp. in Helsinki	38	10,3	1,7	12,0	-	2,7	2,7	10,3	4,4	14,7	38,5 %	26,9 %
Tram, underground and SI Ferry	69	0,6	-	0,6	1,9	5,0	6,9	2,6	5,0	7,5	10,9 %	3,7 %
Bus transport total	1 078	50,2	37,0	87,2	212,9	122,0	334,9	263,1	159,0	422,1	39,2 %	24,4 %
Bus transport in major cities 1)	303	4,7	0,2	4,9	130,4	9,0	139,4	135,1	9,2	144,3	47,7 %	44,6 %
Bus and coach charter transport 2)	181	4,5	2,1	6,6	-	26,7	26,7	4,5	28,8	33,3	18,4 %	2,5 %
Other bus transport 3)	594	41,0	34,7	75,7	82,5	86,3	168,8	123,5	121,0	244,5	41,1 %	20,8 %
Long-distance transport	82	-	5,5	5,5	-	-	-	-	5,5	5,5	6,7 %	-
Other route service transport	513	41,0	29,2	70,2	82,5	86,3	168,8	123,5	115,4	239,0	46,6 %	24,1 %
Taxi transport total 4)	917	1,8	125,6	127,4	-	223,1	223,1	1,8	348,7	350,5	38,2 %	0,2 %
Air transport	239	1,0	0,6	1,6	0,7	-	0,7	1,7	0,6	2,3	1,0 %	0,7 %
TOTAL	2 714	95,6	168,8	264,4	232,9	354,7	587,6	328,5	523,5	852,0	31,4 %	12,1 %

Sources: VR-Group; Finnish Bus and Coach Association; Helsinki Region Transport; Tampere Public Transport; Turku Collective Transport Board; Finnair Ltd; Blue1 Ltd; Finnish Commuter Airlines Oy; ELY Centres; Statistics Finland.

- 1) All contract transport in Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku. Costs relating to infrastructure and costs of administrative nature have been deducted from turnovers. Fare revenues have been deducted from the figures on direct funding.
- 2) Contains all charter transport of buses and coaches, including school bus transport by local government and charter transport of conscripts.
- 3) Includes all other bus and coach transport except transport in major cities referred to in 1) and charter transport referred to in 2) above. Excludes postal and freight revenues.
- 4) Contains taxi and disabled taxi transport.

Change in turnover of public transport 2011–2009, EUR million

Difference 2011-2009, EUR million	Turn-over	Central government			Local government			Total general government				
		Direct funding of travel exp.	Reimb.	Total	Direct funding of travel exp.	Reimb.	Total	Direct funding of travel exp.	Reimb.	Total	Share of turnover, %-points	Subs. rate %-points
Railway transport total	10	3,7	-0,5	3,2	8,9	-0,7	8,2	12,6	-1,2	11,4	2,3	2,7
Long-distance transport	0	3,3	-0,3	3,0	-	-	-	3,3	-0,3	3,0	0,9	1,0
Helsinki regional transport area	-1	0,6	-	0,6	8,9	-0,1	8,8	9,5	-0,1	9,4	19,3	19,3
Other short-dist. transp. in Helsinki	11	-0,2	-0,2	-0,4	-	-0,7	-0,7	-0,2	-0,9	-1,1	-10,7	-6,4
Tram, underground and SI Ferry	6	1,5	-	1,5	-14,4	-0,2	-14,6	-12,9	-0,2	-13,1		
Bus transport total	118	-1,5	2,4	0,8	42,5	11,9	54,4	40,9	14,3	55,2	0,8	1,0
Bus transport in major cities 1)	45	1,2	-0,0	1,2	35,4	0,2	35,6	36,6	0,2	36,8	4,5	4,8
Bus and coach charter transport 2)	12	-0,0	-0,3	-0,3	-	28,6	28,6	-0,0	28,3	28,2	13,6	-0,2
Other bus transport 3)	62	-2,7	2,6	-0,1	7,1	-16,8	-9,7	4,3	-14,1	-9,8	-5,4	-1,3
Long-distance transport	3	-	0,1	0,1	-	-	-	-	0,1	0,1	-0,1	-
Other route service transport	59	-2,7	2,5	-0,2	7,1	-16,8	-9,7	4,3	-14,3	-9,9	-6,5	-1,7
Taxi transport total 4)	102	1,1	35,4	36,4	-	30,7	30,7	1,1	66,1	67,1	2,8	0,1
Air transport	-18	0,2	-0,1	0,1	0,4	-	0,4	0,6	-0,1	0,5	0,3	0,3
TOTAL	218	5,0	37,1	42,1	37,3	41,7	79,1	42,3	78,9	121,1	1,8	0,5

- 1) All contract transport in Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku. Costs relating to infrastructure and costs of administrative nature have been deducted from turnovers. Fare revenues have been deducted from the figures on direct funding.
- 2) Contains all charter transport of buses and coaches, including school bus transport by local government and charter transport of conscripts.
- 3) Includes all other bus and coach transport except transport in major cities referred to in 1) and charter transport referred to in 2) above. Excludes postal and freight revenues.
- 4) Contains taxi and disabled taxi transport.

2.5 Statistical tables

Domestic passenger traffic in Finland

1. PUBLIC TRANSPORT PERFORMANCE 2011

2011	Supply, million km					Demand, million				Occupancy rate	
	Vehicle	Share	Seat	Place	Share	Passengers	Share	Pass. km	Share	Seat	Place
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	715,9	47,4%	32 044,5	39 010,7	83,2%	529,8	89,3%	9 608,1	82,0%	30 %	25 %
Long-distance transport	248,6	16,5%	14 361,2	14 756,2	31,5%	23,0	3,9%	4 971,6	42,4%	35 %	34 %
Railway 1) 2)	158,7	10,5%	8 626,0	9 021,0	19,2%	13,3	2,2%	3 003,0	25,6%	35 %	33 %
Coach	65,5	4,3%	3 331,2	3 331,2	7,1%	7,1	1,2%	644,9	5,5%	19 %	19 %
Air 3)	24,5	1,6%	2 404,0	2 404,0	5,1%	2,7	0,5%	1 323,7	11,3%	55 %	55 %
Urban transport of major cities	151,2	10,0%	7 711,3	12 381,3	26,4%	379,7	64,0%	2 442,5	20,8%	32 %	20 %
Railway 1)	17,7	1,2%	1 558,0	1 955,0	4,2%	42,9	7,2%	489,6	4,2%	31 %	25 %
Tram 1)	5,4	0,4%	265,3	558,3	1,2%	53,7	9,0%	117,6	1,0%	44 %	21 %
Underground 1)	14,6	1,0%	950,7	2 106,1	4,5%	61,5	10,4%	396,5	3,4%	42 %	19 %
Bus	113,4	7,5%	4 913,1	7 736,7	16,5%	219,9	37,1%	1 434,4	12,2%	29 %	19 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	24,2	25,2	0,1%	1,7	0,3%	4,5	0,0%	18 %	18 %
Other local transport within cities	67,4	4,5%	2 901,0	4 385,2	9,4%	59,4	10,0%	427,4	3,6%	15 %	10 %
Bus	67,4	4,5%	2 901,0	4 385,2	9,4%	59,4	10,0%	427,4	3,6%	15 %	10 %
Other collective transport	248,6	16,5%	7 071,0	7 488,0	16,0%	67,8	11,4%	1 766,5	15,1%	25 %	24 %
Railway 1)	15,6	1,0%	1 482,0	1 794,0	3,8%	12,2	2,0%	472,0	4,0%	32 %	26 %
Bus, coach	105,2	7,0%	4 932,5	5 037,5	10,7%	41,9	7,1%	980,2	8,4%	20 %	19 %
Taxi 4)	127,9	8,5%	656,5	656,5	1,4%	13,8	2,3%	314,3	2,7%	48 %	48 %
CHARTER TRANSPORT	792,9	52,6%	7 879,8	7 879,8	16,8%	63,3	10,7%	2 109,7	18,0%	27 %	27 %
Regular charter transport	72,1	4,8%	1 147,1	1 147,1	2,4%	11,5	1,9%	230,9	2,0%	20 %	20 %
Bus, coach	21,1	1,4%	885,4	885,4	1,9%	6,4	1,1%	121,5	1,0%	14 %	14 %
Taxi 4)	51,0	3,4%	261,7	261,7	0,6%	5,1	0,9%	109,4	0,9%	42 %	42 %
Other charter transport	720,8	47,8%	6 732,7	6 732,7	14,4%	51,8	8,7%	1 878,8	16,0%	28 %	28 %
Bus, coach 5)	78,9	5,2%	3 437,2	3 437,2	7,3%	12,2	2,1%	1 217,1	10,4%	35 %	35 %
Taxi 4)	641,9	42,5%	3 295,5	3 295,5	7,0%	39,7	6,7%	661,8	5,6%	20 %	20 %
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	1 508,8	100,0%	39 924,3	46 890,4	100,0%	593,2	100,0%	11 717,8	100,0%	29 %	25 %
Modes of transport											
Railway	192,0	12,7%	11 666,0	12 770,0	27,2%	68,4	11,5%	3 964,6	33,8%	34 %	31 %
Tram	5,4	0,4%	265,3	558,3	1,2%	53,7	9,0%	117,6	1,0%	44 %	21 %
Underground	14,6	1,0%	950,7	2 106,1	4,5%	61,5	10,4%	396,5	3,4%	42 %	19 %
Bus, coach	451,5	29,9%	20 400,3	24 813,1	52,9%	346,8	58,5%	4 825,5	41,2%	24 %	19 %
Taxi	820,8	54,4%	4 213,7	4 213,7	9,0%	58,5	9,9%	1 085,5	9,3%	26 %	26 %
Air	24,5	1,6%	2 404,0	2 404,0	5,1%	2,7	0,5%	1 323,7	11,3%	55 %	55 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	24,2	25,2	0,1%	1,7	0,3%	4,5	0,0%	18 %	18 %

Vehicle kilometres exclusive of service and transit kilometres (small amounts included in the performance railway transport).

Seat and place kilometres are given without the driver's place.

Urban transport of major cities refers to all transport in Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku.

Figures concerning buses and coaches also include non-member companies of the LAL.

1) Vehicle supply is carriage kilometres.

2) Long-distance transport on railways also includes Russian transport on the Finnish territory. Seats include sleeping places (berths).

3) Air transport includes all notable operators of domestic flights. Data on charter air transport are no longer produced separately but are now part of long-distance transport which also includes air taxi transport (very small numbers of passengers).

4) The total performance of taxis is based on the professional vehicle kilometres reported by the holders of taxi licences to ELY Centres, from which the proportion of regular charter transport has been assessed by means of the change in the school transport costs of comprehensive schools and in taxi fares. The remainder represents other charter transport (i.e. "ordinary") and other collective transport; their respective proportions have been assumed to have remained constant from the previous survey of taxi performances.

5) Long-distance transport of buses and coaches includes also international charter transport, because part of it takes place in Finnish road network.

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2. USE OF PUBLIC FUNDING IN PASSENGER TRANSPORT 2011

2011	Total performance, million						Total funding 1)				
	Vehicle km	Share	Passengers	Share	Pass. km	Share	EUR million	Share 2)	Cent/ veh. km	Cent/ pass.	Cent/ pass. km
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	715,9	47,4%	529,8	89,3%	9 608,1	82,0%	570,7	58,6%	79,7	107,7	5,9
Long-distance transport	248,6	16,5%	23,0	3,9%	4 971,6	42,4%	46,7	4,8%	18,8	203,0	0,9
Railway	158,7	10,5%	13,3	2,2%	3 003,0	25,6%	38,3	3,9%	24,1	288,5	1,3
Coach	65,5	4,3%	7,1	1,2%	644,9	5,5%	5,6	0,6%	8,6	79,7	0,9
Air	24,5	1,6%	2,7	0,5%	1 323,7	11,3%	2,8	0,3%	11,5	105,3	0,2
Urban transport of major cities	151,2	10,0%	379,7	64,0%	2 442,5	20,8%	204,5	21,0%	135,2	53,9	8,4
Railway	17,7	1,2%	42,9	7,2%	489,6	4,2%	28,9	2,7%	163,3	67,3	5,9
Tram	5,4	0,4%	53,7	9,0%	117,6	1,0%	9,4	0,9%	174,7	17,5	8,0
Underground	14,6	1,0%	61,5	10,4%	396,5	3,4%	-17,6				
Bus	113,4	7,5%	219,9	37,1%	1 434,4	12,2%	181,1	17,1%	159,7	82,4	12,6
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	1,7	0,3%	4,5	0,0%	2,7	0,3%	3 501,0	162,0	60,0
Other local transport within cities	67,4	4,5%	59,4	10,0%	427,4	3,6%	82,2	8,4%	121,9	138,5	19,2
Bus	67,4	4,5%	59,4	10,0%	427,4	3,6%	82,2	8,4%	121,9	138,5	19,2
Other collective transport	248,6	16,5%	67,8	11,4%	1 766,5	15,1%	237,3	24,4%	95,4	350,0	13,4
Railway	15,6	1,0%	12,2	2,0%	472,0	4,0%	13,7	1,4%	87,5	112,3	2,9
Bus, coach	105,2	7,0%	41,9	7,1%	980,2	8,4%	146,9	15,1%	139,7	350,6	15,0
Taxi	127,9	8,5%	13,8	2,3%	314,3	2,7%	76,8	7,9%	60,1	558,5	24,4
CHARTER TRANSPORT	792,9	52,6%	63,3	10,7%	2 109,7	18,0%	402,4	41,4%	50,7	635,6	19,1
Regular charter transport	72,1	4,8%	11,5	1,9%	230,9	2,0%	95,8	9,8%	132,9	834,8	41,5
Bus, coach	21,1	1,4%	6,4	1,1%	121,5	1,0%	61,2	6,3%	289,6	957,6	50,4
Taxi	51,0	3,4%	5,1	0,9%	109,4	0,9%	34,6	3,6%	67,9	680,4	31,6
Other charter transport	720,8	47,8%	51,8	8,7%	1 878,8	16,0%	306,6	31,5%	42,5	591,5	16,3
Bus, coach	78,9	5,2%	12,2	2,1%	1 217,1	10,4%	0,3	0,0%	0,4	2,3	0,0
Taxi	641,9	42,5%	39,7	6,7%	661,8	5,6%	306,3	31,5%	47,7	772,3	46,3
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	1 508,8	100,0%	593,2	100,0%	11 717,8	100,0%	973,1	100,0%	64,5	164,1	8,3
Modes of transport											
Railway	192,0	12,7%	68,4	11,5%	3 964,6	33,8%	80,8	8,1%	42,1	118,2	2,0
Tram	5,4	0,4%	53,7	9,0%	117,6	1,0%	9,4	0,9%	174,7	17,5	8,0
Underground	14,6	1,0%	61,5	10,4%	396,5	3,4%	-17,6				
Bus, coach	451,5	29,9%	346,8	58,5%	4 825,5	41,2%	477,3	47,6%	105,7	137,6	9,9
Taxi	820,8	54,4%	58,5	9,9%	1 085,5	9,3%	417,7	42,9%	50,9	714,1	38,5
Air	24,5	1,6%	2,7	0,5%	1 323,7	11,3%	2,8	0,3%	11,5	105,3	0,2
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	1,7	0,3%	4,5	0,0%	2,7	0,3%	3 501,0	162,0	60,0

1) The total funding includes:

- purchases of transport made by the Ministry of Transport and Communications and ELY Centres, and state subsidies,
- chartered transport services purchased and reimbursements of travel expenses paid by the educational, social and health sectors, the Ministry of Defence, and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy,
- purchases of transport services, compensations for transport deficits and purchases of fare reductions made by municipalities.

Possible infrastructure costs and administrative costs of public bodies responsible for transport services are not included in finance costs.

2) The calculated negative deficit of underground transport has been divided between different modes of transport within the transport type "Urban transport of major cities" when calculating percentage shares.

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3. ALLOCATION OF PUBLIC FUNDS 2011

2011	Million passenger kilometres	Direct funding 1)			Reimbursements 2)			Total funding 3)		
		EUR million	Share 4)	Cent/pass. km	EUR million	Share	Cent/pass. km	EUR million	Share 4)	Cent/pass. km
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	9 608,1	366,4	98,8%	3,8	204,4	33,9%	2,1	570,7	58,6%	5,9
Long-distance transport	4 971,6	37,0	10,0%	0,7	9,8	1,6%	0,2	46,7	4,8%	0,9
Railway	3 003,0	34,7	9,4%	1,2	3,6	0,6%	0,1	38,3	3,9%	1,3
Coach	644,9	-	-	-	5,6	0,9%	0,9	5,6	0,6%	0,9
Air	1 323,7	2,3	0,6%	0,2	0,5	0,1%	0,0	2,8	0,3%	0,2
Urban transport of major cities	2 442,5	188,5	50,8%	7,7	16,0	2,7%	0,7	204,5	21,0%	8,4
Railway	489,6	27,1	6,6%	5,5	1,8	0,3%	0,4	28,9	2,7%	5,9
Tram	117,6	7,2	1,7%	6,1	2,2	0,4%	1,9	9,4	0,9%	8,0
Underground	396,5	-20,2	-	-	2,6	0,4%	0,6	-17,6	-	-
Bus	1 434,4	171,7	41,8%	12,0	9,4	1,6%	0,7	181,1	17,1%	12,6
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	4,5	2,7	0,7%	60,0	-	-	-	2,7	0,3%	60,0
Other local transport within cities	427,4	64,5	17,4%	15,1	17,7	2,9%	4,1	82,2	8,4%	19,2
Bus	427,4	64,5	17,4%	15,1	17,7	2,9%	4,1	82,2	8,4%	19,2
Other collective transport	1 766,5	76,3	20,6%	4,3	161,0	26,7%	9,1	237,3	24,4%	13,4
Railway	472,0	10,1	2,7%	2,1	3,5	0,6%	0,8	13,7	1,4%	2,9
Bus, coach	980,2	63,3	17,1%	6,5	83,5	13,9%	8,5	146,9	15,1%	15,0
Taxi	314,3	2,9	0,8%	0,9	73,9	12,3%	23,5	76,8	7,9%	24,4
CHARTER TRANSPORT	2 109,7	4,4	1,2%	0,2	398,0	66,1%	18,9	402,4	41,4%	19,1
Regular charter transport	230,9	4,1	1,1%	1,8	91,7	15,2%	39,7	95,8	9,8%	41,5
Bus, coach	121,5	4,1	1,1%	3,4	57,1	9,5%	47,0	61,2	6,3%	50,4
Taxi	109,4	-	-	-	34,6	5,7%	31,6	34,6	3,6%	31,6
Other charter transport	1 878,8	0,3	0,1%	0,0	306,3	50,8%	16,3	306,6	31,5%	16,3
Bus, coach	1 217,1	0,3	0,1%	0,0	-	-	-	0,3	0,0%	0,0
Taxi	661,8	-	-	-	306,3	50,8%	46,3	306,3	31,5%	46,3
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	11 717,8	370,8	100,0%	3,2	602,3	100,0%	5,1	973,1	100,0%	8,3
Modes of transport										
Railway	3 964,6	71,9	18,7%	1,8	9,0	1,5%	0,2	80,8	8,1%	2,0
Tram	117,6	7,2	1,7%	6,1	2,2	0,4%	1,9	9,4	0,9%	8,0
Underground	396,5	-20,2	-	-	2,6	0,4%	0,6	-17,6	-	-
Bus, coach	4 825,5	304,0	77,5%	6,3	173,3	28,8%	3,6	477,3	47,6%	9,9
Taxi	1 085,5	2,9	0,8%	0,3	414,8	68,9%	38,2	417,7	42,9%	38,5
Air	1 323,7	2,3	0,6%	0,2	0,5	0,1%	0,0	2,8	0,3%	0,2
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	4,5	2,7	0,7%	60,0	-	-	-	2,7	0,3%	60,0

1) Transport purchases, state subsidies, and funding of deficient transport services.

2) Reimbursements of tickets and travel expenses for special groups.

3) Total funding is the sum of direct funding and reimbursements.

4) The calculated negative deficit of underground transport has been divided between different modes of transport within the transport type

"Urban transport of major cities" when calculating percentage shares.

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4. SOURCES OF PUBLIC FUNDS BY FINANCIER 2011

2011 EUR million	Direct funding, EUR million				Direct funding total EUR million	Direct funding of which purchased transport	Reimbursements		Reimbursements total EUR million	State total EUR million	Municipalities total EUR million	Funding total EUR million
	State 1)		Municipalities 2)				State 3)-5)	Municipalities 3) 4)				
	Total	of which purchased transport	Total	of which purchased transport								
	EUR million	EUR million	EUR million	EUR million			EUR million	EUR million				
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	96,1	76,1	270,2	246,0	366,4	322,1	43,1	161,2	204,4	139,3	431,4	570,7
Long-distance transport	35,9	35,9	1,1	1,1	37,0	37,0	9,8	-	9,8	45,6	1,1	46,7
Railway	34,7	34,7	-	-	34,7	34,7	3,6	-	3,6	38,3	-	38,3
Coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,6	-	5,6	5,6	-	5,6
Air	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,1	2,3	2,3	0,5	-	0,5	1,7	1,1	2,8
Urban transport of major cities	9,0	0,8	179,5	178,5	188,5	179,3	0,2	15,8	16,0	9,2	195,3	204,5
Railway	0,9	-	26,2	26,2	27,1	26,2	-	1,8	1,8	0,9	28,0	28,9
Tram	1,0	-	6,2	6,2	7,2	6,2	-	2,2	2,2	1,0	8,4	9,4
Underground	1,1	-	-21,3	-21,3	-20,2	-21,3	-	2,6	2,6	1,1	-18,8	-17,6
Bus	5,9	0,8	165,8	164,8	171,7	165,6	0,2	9,2	9,4	6,1	175,0	181,1
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,0	-	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	-	-	-	0,0	2,7	2,7
Other local transport within cities	12,7	5,4	51,8	36,2	64,5	41,6	0,9	16,8	17,7	13,6	68,6	82,2
Bus	12,7	5,4	51,8	36,2	64,5	41,6	0,9	16,8	17,7	13,6	68,6	82,2
Other collective transport	38,6	34,0	37,8	30,1	76,3	64,2	32,3	128,6	161,0	70,9	166,4	237,3
Railway	10,1	10,1	-	-	10,1	10,1	1,5	2,0	3,5	11,6	2,0	13,7
Bus, coach	25,5	21,0	37,8	30,1	63,3	51,1	30,8	52,7	83,5	56,4	90,5	146,9
Taxi	2,9	2,9	-	-	2,9	2,9	-	73,9	73,9	2,9	73,9	76,8
CHARTER TRANSPORT	4,4	4,4	-	-	4,4	4,4	162,8	235,2	398,0	167,2	235,2	402,4
Regular charter transport	4,1	4,1	-	-	4,1	4,1	2,0	89,7	91,7	6,2	89,7	95,8
Bus, coach	4,1	4,1	-	-	4,1	4,1	1,8	55,2	57,1	6,0	55,2	61,2
Taxi	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,2	34,4	34,6	0,2	34,4	34,6
Other charter transport	0,3	0,3	-	-	0,3	0,3	160,8	145,5	306,3	161,0	145,5	306,6
Bus, coach	0,3	0,3	-	-	0,3	0,3	-	-	-	0,3	-	0,3
Taxi	-	-	-	-	-	-	160,8	145,5	306,3	160,8	145,5	306,3
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	100,6	80,5	270,2	246,0	370,8	326,5	205,9	396,4	602,3	306,5	666,6	973,1
Modes of transport												
Railway	45,6	44,8	26,2	26,2	71,9	71,0	5,1	3,8	9,0	50,8	30,1	80,8
Tram	1,0	-	6,2	6,2	7,2	6,2	-	2,2	2,2	1,0	8,4	9,4
Underground	1,1	-	-21,3	-21,3	-20,2	-21,3	-	2,6	2,6	1,1	-18,8	-17,6
Bus, coach	48,7	31,6	255,4	231,1	304,0	262,8	39,4	133,9	173,3	88,0	389,3	477,3
Taxi	2,9	2,9	-	-	2,9	2,9	160,9	253,8	414,8	163,8	253,8	417,7
Air	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,1	2,3	2,3	0,5	-	0,5	1,7	1,1	2,8
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,0	-	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	-	-	-	0,0	2,7	2,7

1) Purchases of long-distance transport services (Ministry of Transport and Communications), basic regional and local city transport services as well as tariff reductions (Ministry of Transport and Communications, ELY Centres) and charter transport purchases of the Defence Forces.

2) Coverage of differences between the transport remunerations and ticket incomes, and compensations for deficits of transport in major cities.

3) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

4) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

5) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

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5.1. SOURCES OF REIMBURSEMENTS OF TRAVEL EXPENSES 2011

2011 EUR million	Reimbursements of travel expenses, EUR million								Total EUR million	
	Education	Share 1)	Social and health	Share 2)	Ministry of Defence	Share 3)	Ministry of Empl. and the Economy	Share 3)		
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	153,3	75,0%	42,1	20,6%	8,1	3,9%	0,9	0,4%	204,4	100 %
Long-distance transport	1,5	15,4%	-	-	7,4	75,5%	0,9	9,1%	9,8	100 %
Railway	-	-	-	-	3,1	84,4%	0,6	15,6%	3,6	100 %
Coach	1,5	26,6%	-	-	3,9	68,3%	0,3	5,0%	5,6	100 %
Air	-	-	-	-	0,5	92,2%	0,0	7,8%	0,5	100 %
Urban transport of major cities	2,6	16,2%	13,4	83,8%	-	-	-	-	16,0	100 %
Railway	0,3	16,4%	1,5	83,6%	-	-	-	-	1,8	100 %
Tram	0,4	16,4%	1,9	83,6%	-	-	-	-	2,2	100 %
Underground	0,4	16,4%	2,1	83,6%	-	-	-	-	2,6	100 %
Bus	1,5	16,0%	7,9	84,0%	-	-	-	-	9,4	100 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %
Other local transport within cities	10,4	58,8%	7,0	39,9%	0,2	1,3%	-	-	17,7	100 %
Bus	10,4	58,8%	7,0	39,9%	0,2	1,3%	-	-	17,7	100 %
Other collective transport	138,8	86,2%	21,7	13,5%	0,5	0,3%	-	-	161,0	100 %
Railway	0,9	25,1%	2,7	74,9%	-	-	-	-	3,5	100 %
Bus, coach	67,4	80,7%	15,7	18,7%	0,5	0,5%	-	-	83,5	100 %
Taxi	70,5	95,4%	3,4	4,6%	-	-	-	-	73,9	100 %
CHARTER TRANSPORT	89,3	22,4%	308,6	77,6%	-	-	-	-	398,0	100 %
Regular charter transport	89,3	97,4%	2,4	2,6%	-	-	-	-	91,7	100 %
Bus, coach	54,7	95,8%	2,4	4,2%	-	-	-	-	57,1	100 %
Taxi	34,6	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,6	100 %
Other charter transport	-	-	306,3	100,0%	-	-	-	-	306,3	100 %
Bus, coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %
Taxi	-	-	306,3	100,0%	-	-	-	-	306,3	100 %
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	242,6	40,3%	350,8	58,2%	8,1	1,3%	0,9	0,1%	602,3	100 %
Modes of transport										100 %
Railway	1,2	13,2%	4,2	46,3%	3,1	34,1%	0,6	6,3%	9,0	100 %
Tram	0,4	16,4%	1,9	83,6%	-	-	-	-	2,2	100 %
Underground	0,4	16,4%	2,1	83,6%	-	-	-	-	2,6	100 %
Bus, coach	135,5	78,2%	33,0	19,0%	4,5	2,6%	0,3	0,2%	173,3	100 %
Taxi	105,1	25,3%	309,7	74,7%	-	-	-	-	414,8	100 %
Air	-	-	-	-	0,5	92,2%	0,0	7,8%	0,5	100 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %

1) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

2) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act.

Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

3) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

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5.2. SOURCES OF REIMBURSEMENTS OF TRAVEL EXPENSES 2011

2011 EUR million	Reimbursements of travel expenses, EUR million							
	State				Municipalities			Total
	Education 1)	Health 2)	Ministries of Defense, Empl. and Econ. 3)	Total	Education 1)	Social and health 2)	Total	
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	31,5	2,7	8,9	43,1	121,8	39,4	161,2	204,4
Long-distance transport	1,5	-	8,3	9,8	-	-	-	9,8
Railway	-	-	3,6	3,6	-	-	-	3,6
Coach	1,5	-	4,1	5,6	-	-	-	5,6
Air	-	-	0,5	0,5	-	-	-	0,5
Urban transport of major cities	-	0,2	-	0,2	2,6	13,2	15,8	16,0
Railway	-	-	-	-	0,3	1,5	1,8	1,8
Tram	-	-	-	-	0,4	1,9	2,2	2,2
Underground	-	-	-	-	0,4	2,1	2,6	2,6
Bus	-	0,2	-	0,2	1,5	7,7	9,2	9,4
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other local transport within cities	0,1	0,5	0,2	0,9	10,3	6,5	16,8	17,7
Bus	0,1	0,5	0,2	0,9	10,3	6,5	16,8	17,7
Other collective transport	29,9	2,0	0,5	32,3	109,0	19,7	128,6	161,0
Railway	0,8	0,7	-	1,5	0,0	2,0	2,0	3,5
Bus, coach	29,0	1,4	0,5	30,8	38,4	14,3	52,7	83,5
Taxi	-	-	-	-	70,5	3,4	73,9	73,9
CHARTER TRANSPORT	2,0	160,8	-	162,8	87,3	147,9	235,2	398,0
Regular charter transport	2,0	-	-	2,0	87,3	2,4	89,7	91,7
Bus, coach	1,8	-	-	1,8	52,9	2,4	55,2	57,1
Taxi	0,2	-	-	0,2	34,4	-	34,4	34,6
Other charter transport	-	160,8	-	160,8	-	145,5	145,5	306,3
Bus, coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxi	-	160,8	-	160,8	-	145,5	145,5	306,3
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	33,5	163,5	8,9	205,9	209,1	187,3	396,4	602,3
Modes of transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Railway	0,8	0,7	3,6	5,1	0,3	3,5	3,8	9,0
Tram	-	-	-	-	0,4	1,9	2,2	2,2
Underground	-	-	-	-	0,4	2,1	2,6	2,6
Bus, coach	32,5	2,1	4,8	39,4	103,0	30,9	133,9	173,3
Taxi	0,2	160,8	-	160,9	104,9	148,9	253,8	414,8
Air	-	-	0,5	0,5	-	-	-	0,5
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

2) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act.

Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

3) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

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1. PUBLIC TRANSPORT PERFORMANCE 2009

2009	Supply, million km					Demand, million				Occupancy rate	
	Vehicle	Share	Seat	Place	Share	Passengers	Share	Pass. km	Share	Seat	Place
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	700,2	47,1%	32 122,9	38 604,1	82,8%	507,1	89,4%	9 293,5	82,9%	29 %	24 %
Long-distance transport	250,5	16,9%	15 228,2	15 673,2	33,6%	22,1	3,9%	4 770,4	42,5%	31 %	30 %
Railway 1) 2)	160,0	10,8%	9 663,0	10 108,0	21,7%	13,1	2,3%	3 006,0	26,8%	31 %	30 %
Coach	67,7	4,6%	3 454,2	3 454,2	7,4%	6,7	1,2%	610,1	5,4%	18 %	18 %
Air 3)	22,7	1,5%	2 110,9	2 110,9	4,5%	2,3	0,4%	1 154,3	10,3%	55 %	55 %
Urban transport of major cities	141,8	9,5%	7 231,6	11 386,2	24,4%	359,8	63,5%	2 323,1	20,7%	32 %	20 %
Railway 1)	12,0	0,8%	1 123,0	1 403,0	3,0%	42,3	7,5%	444,4	4,0%	40 %	32 %
Tram 1)	5,5	0,4%	248,4	524,3	1,1%	54,9	9,7%	114,2	1,0%	46 %	22 %
Underground 1)	14,2	1,0%	917,9	2 042,2	4,4%	57,3	10,1%	418,2	3,7%	46 %	20 %
Bus	110,0	7,4%	4 920,8	7 394,2	15,9%	203,8	35,9%	1 342,2	12,0%	27 %	18 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	21,5	22,5	0,0%	1,5	0,3%	4,2	0,0%	19 %	19 %
Other local transport within cities	65,5	4,4%	2 816,9	4 258,2	9,1%	55,9	9,9%	402,2	3,6%	14 %	9 %
Bus	65,5	4,4%	2 816,9	4 258,2	9,1%	55,9	9,9%	402,2	3,6%	14 %	9 %
Other collective transport	242,4	16,3%	6 846,3	7 286,6	15,6%	69,3	12,2%	1 797,8	16,0%	26 %	25 %
Railway 1)	14,0	0,9%	1 350,0	1 687,0	12,1	2,1%	468,0	4,2%	35 %	28 %	
Bus, coach	103,3	7,0%	4 853,9	4 957,2	10,6%	43,7	7,7%	1 022,2	9,1%	21 %	21 %
Taxi 4)	125,1	8,4%	642,3	642,3	1,4%	13,5	2,4%	307,5	2,7%	48 %	48 %
CHARTER TRANSPORT	785,6	52,9%	7 996,6	7 996,6	17,2%	60,0	10,6%	1 923,5	17,1%	24 %	24 %
Regular charter transport	75,9	5,1%	1 206,8	1 206,8	2,6%	10,6	1,9%	214,3	1,9%	18 %	18 %
Bus, coach	22,9	1,5%	934,7	934,7	2,0%	5,3	0,9%	100,5	0,9%	11 %	11 %
Taxi 4)	53,0	3,6%	272,1	272,1	0,6%	5,3	0,9%	113,7	1,0%	42 %	42 %
Other charter transport	709,7	47,8%	6 789,8	6 789,8	14,6%	49,4	8,7%	1 709,3	15,2%	25 %	25 %
Bus, coach 5)	81,7	5,5%	3 565,4	3 565,4	7,7%	10,6	1,9%	1 061,8	9,5%	30 %	30 %
Taxi 4)	628,1	42,3%	3 224,4	3 224,4	6,9%	38,8	6,8%	647,5	5,8%	20 %	20 %
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	1 485,8	100,0%	40 119,5	46 600,7	100,0%	567,1	100,0%	11 217,0	100,0%	28 %	24 %
Modes of transport											
Railway	186,0	12,5%	12 136,0	13 198,0	28,3%	67,6	11,9%	3 918,4	34,9%	32 %	30 %
Tram	5,5	0,4%	248,4	524,3	1,1%	54,9	9,7%	114,2	1,0%	46 %	22 %
Underground	14,2	1,0%	917,9	2 042,2	4,4%	57,3	10,1%	418,2	3,7%	46 %	20 %
Bus, coach	451,1	30,4%	20 546,0	24 564,0	52,7%	325,9	57,5%	4 539,1	40,5%	22 %	18 %
Taxi	806,2	54,3%	4 138,8	4 138,8	8,9%	57,5	10,1%	1 068,8	9,5%	26 %	26 %
Air	22,7	1,5%	2 110,9	2 110,9	4,5%	2,3	0,4%	1 154,3	10,3%	55 %	55 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	21,5	22,5	0,0%	1,5	0,3%	4,2	0,0%	19 %	19 %

Vehicle kilometres exclusive of service and transit kilometres (small amounts included in the performance railway transport).

Seat and place kilometres are given without the driver's place.

Urban transport of major cities refers to all transport in Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku.

Figures concerning buses and coaches also include non-member companies of the LAL.

1) Vehicle supply is carriage kilometres.

2) Long-distance transport on railways also includes Russian transport on the Finnish territory. Seats include sleeping places (berths).

3) Air transport includes all notable operators of domestic flights. Data on charter air transport are no longer produced separately but are now part of long-distance transport which also includes air taxi transport (very small numbers of passengers).

4) The total performance of taxis is based on the professional vehicle kilometres reported by the holders of taxi licences to State Provincial Offices, from which the proportion of regular charter transport has been assessed by means of the change in the school transport costs of comprehensive schools and in taxi fares. The remainder represents other charter transport (i.e. "ordinary") and other collective transport; their respective proportions have been assumed to have remained constant from the previous survey of taxi performances.

5) Long-distance transport of buses and coaches includes also international charter transport, because part of it takes place in Finnish road network.

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2. USE OF PUBLIC FUNDING IN PASSENGER TRANSPORT 2009

2009	Total performance, million						Total funding 1)					
	Vehicle km	Share	Passengers	Share	Pass. km	Share	EUR million	Share 2)	Cent/veh. km	Cent/pass.	Cent/pass. km	
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	700,2	47,1%	507,1	89,4%	9 293,5	82,9%	539,4	63,3%	77,0	106,4	5,8	
Long-distance transport	250,5	16,9%	22,1	3,9%	4 770,4	42,5%	43,1	5,1%	17,2	194,9	0,9	
Railway	160,0	10,8%	13,1	2,3%	3 006,0	26,8%	35,3	4,1%	22,1	269,2	1,2	
Coach	67,7	4,6%	6,7	1,2%	610,1	5,4%	5,5	0,6%	8,1	82,4	0,9	
Air	22,7	1,5%	2,3	0,4%	1 154,3	10,3%	2,3	0,3%	10,2	99,1	0,2	
Urban transport of major cities	141,8	9,5%	359,8	63,5%	2 323,1	20,7%	171,3	20,1%	120,8	47,6	7,4	
Railway	12,0	0,8%	42,3	7,5%	444,4	4,0%	19,5	2,2%	162,2	46,0	4,4	
Tram	5,5	0,4%	54,9	9,7%	114,2	1,0%	13,3	1,5%	241,5	24,2	11,6	
Underground	14,2	1,0%	57,3	10,1%	418,2	3,7%	-8,3					
Bus	110,0	7,4%	203,8	35,9%	1 342,2	12,0%	144,3	16,2%	131,2	70,8	10,8	
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	1,5	0,3%	4,2	0,0%	2,6	0,3%	3 610,9	167,4	61,6	
Other local transport within cities	65,5	4,4%	55,9	9,9%	402,2	3,6%	73,1	8,6%	111,6	130,9	18,2	
Bus	65,5	4,4%	55,9	9,9%	402,2	3,6%	73,1	8,6%	111,6	130,9	18,2	
Other collective transport	242,4	16,3%	69,3	12,2%	1 797,8	16,0%	251,8	29,6%	103,9	363,6	14,0	
Railway	14,0	0,9%	12,1	2,1%	468,0	4,2%	14,7	1,7%	105,1	121,5	3,1	
Bus, coach	103,3	7,0%	43,7	7,7%	1 022,2	9,1%	165,9	19,5%	160,5	379,7	16,2	
Taxi	125,1	8,4%	13,5	2,4%	307,5	2,7%	71,2	8,4%	56,9	529,5	23,2	
CHARTER TRANSPORT	785,6	52,9%	60,0	10,6%	1 923,5	17,1%	312,6	36,7%	39,8	521,1	16,3	
Regular charter transport	75,9	5,1%	10,6	1,9%	214,3	1,9%	65,7	7,7%	86,6	621,1	30,7	
Bus, coach	22,9	1,5%	5,3	0,9%	100,5	0,9%	33,0	3,9%	144,3	624,0	32,8	
Taxi	53,0	3,6%	5,3	0,9%	113,7	1,0%	32,7	3,8%	61,7	618,2	28,7	
Other charter transport	709,7	47,8%	49,4	8,7%	1 709,3	15,2%	246,9	29,0%	34,8	499,6	14,4	
Bus, coach	81,7	5,5%	10,6	1,9%	1 061,8	9,5%	0,3	0,0%	0,3	2,7	0,0	
Taxi	628,1	42,3%	38,8	6,8%	647,5	5,8%	246,6	28,9%	39,3	635,6	38,1	
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	1 485,8	100,0%	567,1	100,0%	11 217,0	100,0%	852,0	100,0%	57,3	150,2	7,6	
Modes of transport												
Railway	186,0	12,5%	67,6	11,9%	3 918,4	34,9%	69,5	8,1%	37,4	102,9	1,8	
Tram	5,5	0,4%	54,9	9,7%	114,2	1,0%	13,3	1,5%	241,5	24,2	11,6	
Underground	14,2	1,0%	57,3	10,1%	418,2	3,7%	-8,3					
Bus, coach	451,1	30,4%	325,9	57,5%	4 539,1	40,5%	422,1	48,8%	93,6	129,5	9,3	
Taxi	806,2	54,3%	57,5	10,1%	1 068,8	9,5%	350,5	41,1%	43,5	609,2	32,8	
Air	22,7	1,5%	2,3	0,4%	1 154,3	10,3%	2,3	0,3%	10,2	99,1	0,2	
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,1	0,0%	1,5	0,3%	4,2	0,0%	2,6	0,3%	3 610,9	167,4	61,6	

1) The total funding includes:

- purchases of transport made by the Ministry of Transport and Communications and State Provincial Offices, and state subsidies,
- chartered transport services purchased and reimbursements of travel expenses paid by the educational, social and health sectors, the Ministry of Defence, and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy,
- purchases of transport services, compensations for transport deficits and purchases of fare reductions made by municipalities.

Possible infrastructure costs and administrative costs of public bodies responsible for transport services are not included in finance costs.

2) The calculated negative deficit of underground transport has been divided between different modes of transport within the transport type "Urban transport of major cities" when calculating percentage shares.

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3. ALLOCATION OF PUBLIC FUNDS 2009

2009	Million passenger kilometres	Direct funding 1)			Reimbursements 2)			Total funding 3)		
		EUR million	Share 4)	Cent/pass. km	EUR million	Share	Cent/pass. km	EUR million	Share 4)	Cent/pass. km
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	9 293,5	324,0	98,6%	3,5	215,3	41,1%	2,3	539,4	63,3%	5,8
Long-distance transport	4 770,4	33,1	10,1%	0,7	10,0	1,9%	0,2	43,1	5,1%	0,9
Railway	3 006,0	31,4	9,6%	1,0	3,9	0,7%	0,1	35,3	4,1%	1,2
Coach	610,1	-	-	-	5,5	1,1%	0,9	5,5	0,6%	0,9
Air	1 154,3	1,7	0,5%	0,1	0,6	0,1%	0,1	2,3	0,3%	0,2
Urban transport of major cities	2 323,1	155,3	47,3%	6,7	16,0	3,1%	0,7	171,3	20,1%	7,4
Railway	444,4	17,6	5,0%	4,0	1,9	0,4%	0,4	19,5	2,2%	4,4
Tram	114,2	10,9	3,1%	9,5	2,4	0,5%	2,1	13,3	1,5%	11,6
Underground	418,2	-10,9	-	-	2,5	0,5%	0,6	-8,3	-	-
Bus	1 342,2	135,1	38,4%	10,1	9,2	1,8%	0,7	144,3	16,2%	10,8
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	4,2	2,6	0,7%	61,6	-	-	-	2,6	0,3%	61,6
Other local transport within cities	402,2	54,7	16,7%	13,6	18,4	3,5%	4,6	73,1	8,6%	18,2
Bus	402,2	54,7	16,7%	13,6	18,4	3,5%	4,6	73,1	8,6%	18,2
Other collective transport	1 797,8	80,9	24,6%	4,5	170,9	32,6%	9,5	251,8	29,6%	14,0
Railway	468,0	10,3	3,1%	2,2	4,4	0,8%	0,9	14,7	1,7%	3,1
Bus, coach	1 022,2	68,8	20,9%	6,7	97,1	18,5%	9,5	165,9	19,5%	16,2
Taxi	307,5	1,8	0,6%	0,6	69,4	13,3%	22,6	71,2	8,4%	23,2
CHARTER TRANSPORT	1 923,5	4,5	1,4%	0,2	308,1	58,9%	16,0	312,6	36,7%	16,3
Regular charter transport	214,3	4,2	1,3%	2,0	61,5	11,8%	28,7	65,7	7,7%	30,7
Bus, coach	100,5	4,2	1,3%	4,2	28,8	5,5%	28,7	33,0	3,9%	32,8
Taxi	113,7	-	-	-	32,7	6,2%	28,7	32,7	3,8%	28,7
Other charter transport	1 709,3	0,3	0,1%	0,0	246,6	47,1%	14,4	246,9	29,0%	14,4
Bus, coach	1 061,8	0,3	0,1%	0,0	-	-	-	0,3	0,0%	0,0
Taxi	647,5	-	-	-	246,6	47,1%	38,1	246,6	28,9%	38,1
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	11 217,0	328,5	100,0%	2,9	523,5	100,0%	4,7	852,0	100,0%	7,6
Modes of transport										
Railway	3 918,4	59,3	17,7%	1,5	10,2	1,9%	0,3	69,5	8,1%	1,8
Tram	114,2	10,9	3,1%	9,5	2,4	0,5%	2,1	13,3	1,5%	11,6
Underground	418,2	-10,9	-	-	2,5	0,5%	0,6	-8,3	-	-
Bus, coach	4 539,1	263,1	77,4%	5,8	159,0	30,4%	3,5	422,1	48,8%	9,3
Taxi	1 068,8	1,8	0,6%	0,2	348,7	66,6%	32,6	350,5	41,1%	32,8
Air	1 154,3	1,7	0,5%	0,1	0,6	0,1%	0,1	2,3	0,3%	0,2
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	4,2	2,6	0,7%	61,6	-	-	-	2,6	0,3%	61,6

1) Transport purchases, state subsidies, and funding of deficient transport services.

2) Reimbursements of tickets and travel expenses for special groups.

3) Total funding is the sum of direct funding and reimbursements.

4) The calculated negative deficit of underground transport has been divided between different modes of transport within the transport type "Urban transport of major cities" when calculating percentage shares.

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4. SOURCES OF PUBLIC FUNDS BY FINANCIER 2009

2009 EUR million	Direct funding, EUR million				Direct funding total EUR million	Direct funding of which purchased transport	Reimbursements		Reimburse- ments total EUR million	State total EUR million	Munici- palities total EUR million	Funding total EUR million
	State 1)		Municipalities 2)				State 3)-5)	Munici- palities 3) 4)				
	Total	of which purchased transport	Total	of which purchased transport								
							EUR million	EUR million				
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	91,1	76,1	232,9	208,9	324,0	285,0	41,1	174,2	215,3	132,2	407,1	539,4
Long-distance transport	32,4	32,4	0,7	0,7	33,1	33,1	10,0	-	10,0	42,4	0,7	43,1
Railway	31,4	31,4	-	-	31,4	31,4	3,9	-	3,9	35,3	-	35,3
Coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,5	-	5,5	5,5	-	5,5
Air	1,0	1,0	0,7	0,7	1,7	1,7	0,6	-	0,6	1,6	0,7	2,3
Urban transport of major cities	5,6	3,0	149,7	148,7	155,3	151,7	0,2	15,9	16,0	5,8	165,5	171,3
Railway	0,2	-	17,3	17,3	17,6	17,3	-	1,9	1,9	0,2	19,2	19,5
Tram	0,3	-	10,5	10,5	10,9	10,5	-	2,4	2,4	0,3	13,0	13,3
Underground	0,3	-	-11,2	-11,2	-10,9	-11,2	-	2,5	2,5	0,3	-8,7	-8,3
Bus	4,7	3,0	130,4	129,5	135,1	132,5	0,2	9,0	9,2	4,9	139,4	144,3
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,0	-	2,6	2,6	2,6	2,6	-	-	-	0,0	2,6	2,6
Other local transport within cities	12,8	5,5	41,9	28,6	54,7	34,2	0,8	17,6	18,4	13,6	59,5	73,1
Bus	12,8	5,5	41,9	28,6	54,7	34,2	0,8	17,6	18,4	13,6	59,5	73,1
Other collective transport	40,3	35,1	40,6	30,9	80,9	66,0	30,1	140,8	170,9	70,4	181,4	251,8
Railway	10,3	10,3	-	-	10,3	10,3	1,7	2,7	4,4	12,0	2,7	14,7
Bus, coach	28,2	23,0	40,6	30,9	68,8	53,9	28,4	68,7	97,1	56,5	109,3	165,9
Taxi	1,8	1,8	-	-	1,8	1,8	-	69,4	69,4	1,8	69,4	71,2
CHARTER TRANSPORT	4,5	4,5	-	-	4,5	4,5	127,7	180,4	308,1	132,2	180,4	312,6
Regular charter transport	4,2	4,2	-	-	4,2	4,2	2,3	59,2	61,5	6,5	59,2	65,7
Bus, coach	4,2	4,2	-	-	4,2	4,2	2,1	26,7	28,8	6,3	26,7	33,0
Taxi	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,2	32,5	32,7	0,2	32,5	32,7
Other charter transport	0,3	0,3	-	-	0,3	0,3	125,4	121,2	246,6	125,7	121,2	246,9
Bus, coach	0,3	0,3	-	-	0,3	0,3	-	-	-	0,3	-	0,3
Taxi	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,4	121,2	246,6	125,4	121,2	246,6
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	95,6	80,6	232,9	208,9	328,5	289,5	168,8	354,7	523,5	264,4	587,6	852,0
Modes of transport												
Railway	41,9	41,7	17,3	17,3	59,3	59,0	5,6	4,6	10,2	47,6	21,9	69,5
Tram	0,3	-	10,5	10,5	10,9	10,5	-	2,4	2,4	0,3	13,0	13,3
Underground	0,3	-	-11,2	-11,2	-10,9	-11,2	-	2,5	2,5	0,3	-8,7	-8,3
Bus, coach	50,2	36,0	212,9	188,9	263,1	225,0	37,0	122,0	159,0	87,2	334,9	422,1
Taxi	1,8	1,8	-	-	1,8	1,8	125,6	223,1	348,7	127,4	223,1	350,5
Air	1,0	1,0	0,7	0,7	1,7	1,7	0,6	-	0,6	1,6	0,7	2,3
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	0,0	-	2,6	2,6	2,6	2,6	-	-	-	0,0	2,6	2,6

1) Purchases of long-distance transport services (Ministry of Transport and Communications), basic regional and local city transport services as well as tariff reductions (Ministry of Transport and Communications, State Provincial Offices) and charter transport purchases of the Defence Forces.

2) Coverage of differences between the transport remunerations and ticket incomes, and compensations for deficits of transport in major cities.

3) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

4) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

5) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

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5.1. SOURCES OF REIMBURSEMENTS OF TRAVEL EXPENSES 2009

2009 EUR million	Reimbursements of travel expenses, EUR million								Total	
	Education	Share 1)	Social and health	Share 2)	Ministry of Defence	Share 3)	Ministry of Empl. and the Economy	Share 3)	EUR million	
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	159,2	73,9%	46,8	21,7%	8,5	4,0%	0,8	0,4%	215,3	100 %
Long-distance transport	1,4	13,6%	-	-	7,8	78,2%	0,8	8,2%	10,0	100 %
Railway	-	-	-	-	3,4	86,6%	0,5	13,4%	3,9	100 %
Coach	1,4	24,6%	-	-	3,9	70,6%	0,3	4,8%	5,5	100 %
Air	-	-	-	-	0,6	93,8%	0,0	6,2%	0,6	100 %
Urban transport of major cities	2,9	18,1%	13,1	81,9%	-	-	-	-	16,0	100 %
Railway	0,3	18,3%	1,5	81,7%	-	-	-	-	1,9	100 %
Tram	0,4	18,3%	2,0	81,7%	-	-	-	-	2,4	100 %
Underground	0,5	18,3%	2,1	81,7%	-	-	-	-	2,5	100 %
Bus	1,7	18,0%	7,6	82,0%	-	-	-	-	9,2	100 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %
Other local transport within cities	10,5	57,2%	7,6	41,6%	0,2	1,2%	-	-	18,4	100 %
Bus	10,5	57,2%	7,6	41,6%	0,2	1,2%	-	-	18,4	100 %
Other collective transport	144,4	84,5%	26,0	15,2%	0,5	0,3%	-	-	170,9	100 %
Railway	1,1	24,0%	3,4	76,0%	-	-	-	-	4,4	100 %
Bus, coach	76,8	79,1%	19,8	20,4%	0,5	0,5%	-	-	97,1	100 %
Taxi	66,6	95,9%	2,8	4,1%	-	-	-	-	69,4	100 %
CHARTER TRANSPORT	59,1	19,2%	249,0	80,8%	-	-	-	-	308,1	100 %
Regular charter transport	59,1	96,1%	2,4	3,9%	-	-	-	-	61,5	100 %
Bus, coach	26,4	91,6%	2,4	8,4%	-	-	-	-	28,8	100 %
Taxi	32,7	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,7	100 %
Other charter transport	-	-	246,6	100,0%	-	-	-	-	246,6	100 %
Bus, coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %
Taxi	-	-	246,6	100,0%	-	-	-	-	246,6	100 %
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	218,3	41,7%	295,9	56,5%	8,5	1,6%	0,8	0,2%	523,5	100 %
Modes of transport										100 %
Railway	1,4	13,8%	4,9	47,9%	3,4	33,2%	0,5	5,1%	10,2	100 %
Tram	0,4	18,3%	2,0	81,7%	-	-	-	-	2,4	100 %
Underground	0,5	18,3%	2,1	81,7%	-	-	-	-	2,5	100 %
Bus, coach	116,7	73,4%	37,5	23,6%	4,6	2,9%	0,3	0,2%	159,0	100 %
Taxi	99,3	28,5%	249,5	71,5%	-	-	-	-	348,7	100 %
Air	-	-	-	-	0,6	93,8%	0,0	6,2%	0,6	100 %
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 %

1) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

2) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

3) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

Domestic passenger traffic in Finland

5.2. SOURCES OF REIMBURSEMENTS OF TRAVEL EXPENSES 2009

2009 EUR million	Reimbursements of travel expenses, EUR million							Total
	State				Municipalities			
	Education 1)	Health 2)	Ministries of Defense, Empl. and Econ. 3)	Total	Education 1)	Social and health 2)	Total	
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT	28,9	2,9	9,3	41,1	130,3	43,9	174,2	215,3
Long-distance transport	1,4	-	8,7	10,0	-	-	-	10,0
Railway	-	-	3,9	3,9	-	-	-	3,9
Coach	1,4	-	4,2	5,5	-	-	-	5,5
Air	-	-	0,6	0,6	-	-	-	0,6
Urban transport of major cities	-	0,2	-	0,2	2,9	12,9	15,9	16,0
Railway	-	-	-	-	0,3	1,5	1,9	1,9
Tram	-	-	-	-	0,4	2,0	2,4	2,4
Underground	-	-	-	-	0,5	2,1	2,5	2,5
Bus	-	0,2	-	0,2	1,7	7,4	9,0	9,2
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other local transport within cities	0,1	0,5	0,2	0,8	10,4	7,2	17,6	18,4
Bus	0,1	0,5	0,2	0,8	10,4	7,2	17,6	18,4
Other collective transport	27,4	2,2	0,5	30,1	117,0	23,8	140,8	170,9
Railway	1,0	0,7	-	1,7	0,1	2,6	2,7	4,4
Bus, coach	26,4	1,5	0,5	28,4	50,4	18,4	68,7	97,1
Taxi	-	-	-	-	66,6	2,8	69,4	69,4
CHARTER TRANSPORT	2,3	125,4	-	127,7	56,8	123,7	180,4	308,1
Regular charter transport	2,3	-	-	2,3	56,8	2,4	59,2	61,5
Bus, coach	2,1	-	-	2,1	24,3	2,4	26,7	28,8
Taxi	0,2	-	-	0,2	32,5	-	32,5	32,7
Other charter transport	-	125,4	-	125,4	-	121,2	121,2	246,6
Bus, coach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxi	-	125,4	-	125,4	-	121,2	121,2	246,6
PUBLIC TRANSPORT TOTAL	31,2	128,3	9,3	168,8	187,1	167,6	354,7	523,5
Modes of transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Railway	1,0	0,7	3,9	5,6	0,4	4,2	4,6	10,2
Tram	-	-	-	-	0,4	2,0	2,4	2,4
Underground	-	-	-	-	0,5	2,1	2,5	2,5
Bus, coach	30,0	2,1	4,8	37,0	86,7	35,3	122,0	159,0
Taxi	0,2	125,4	-	125,6	99,1	124,1	223,1	348,7
Air	-	-	0,6	0,6	-	-	-	0,6
Ferry to Suomenlinna Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1) School transport services and pupil and student tickets. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

2) Reimbursements of travel expenses by social services and according to the Sickness Insurance Act. Distribution by type of transport partly estimated.

3) Reimbursements by the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of Employment and the Economy for leave trips made by conscripts and non-military servicemen. Distribution by type of transport estimated.

3 Modes and types of transport and sources of public funding

Types of transport may be recognised in terms of purpose, and modes of transport in terms of the form that the transport takes. The types and modes of transport in existence at present are indicated in the following table, which also includes purchased transport services. These distinctions will be discussed in more detail in Sections 4.1 and 4.2.

	MODE OF TRANSPORT				
PUBLIC TRANSPORT	Railway	Tram, underground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT					
Long-distance transport					
- fare-based	Long-distance transport		Express coaches		Regular flights
- purchased	Purchased long-distance transport				Purchase of flights by municipalities and Ministry of Transport and Communications
Local transport					
Transport departments, Contract transport					
Transport of major cities (Helsinki, Espoo and Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere, Turku)	Local transport in area of Helsinki Metropolitan Area Council	Helsinki City Transport	Contract and service transport		
Other urban transport					
- fare-based			Urban transport, service transport		
- purchased			Purchased urban and service transport		
Other collective transport					
- fare-based	Short-distance transport outside area of Helsinki Metropolitan Area Council		Scheduled transport		
- purchased	Purchased short-distance transport		Purchases of basic transport and local transport	Purchase of route and basic transport	
CHARTER TRANSPORT					
Regular charter transport			School buses, leave transport for conscripts	School taxis	Charter flights
Other charter transport	Chartered trains		Tourist buses and coaches, etc.	Typical taxi transport	Commercial flights

The focus when examining the performance statistics for transport systems is on the services provided and their public funding. Development, construction and maintenance of the infrastructure connected with the operation of the various modes of transport and the organisation of public transport by the authorities thus lie beyond the scope of this discussion. For instance, local council transport departments and the Helsinki Metropolitan Area Council have such authoritative costs.

The purchase of transport services by the state and municipalities directly increases the supply of public transport and reduces the price level. Reimbursements of the travel expenses of special population groups are regarded as indirect funding. The structure of public funding is illustrated in the following table.

	Funding influencing supply	Funding influencing demand
Ministry of Transport and Communications	Purchase of rail transport, purchase of air transport	State subsidised youth fares and purchase of fare reductions
Centres for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment (ELY Centres)	Purchase of basic transport, state subsidy of local transport	State subsidy of fare reductions
Education	School transport subsidy, secondary level education institutes	School pupil and student tickets
Health and social services		Reimbursements of travel expenses
Ministry of Defence	Chartered transport for conscripts and reserve forces	Reimbursements of travel expenses of conscripts and reserve forces
Ministry of Employment and the Economy		Reimbursements of travel expenses of performers of non-military service
Major cities (Helsinki, Espoo and Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere, Turku)	City transport deficit support, contract transport	Reductions granted for special groups, tariff support ²
Other municipalities	Purchase of transport services, deficit support for specific routes or companies	Reductions granted on social grounds, purchase of fare reductions

The statistics on public funding contain information on the sources and targets of the funding and, whenever possible, the performance figures resulting from it. The performance figures achieved with public funding are somewhat inaccurate, because it is not possible to distinguish them from the total performance in all respects.

² It is often difficult to ascertain whether tariff support affects supply or demand of transport, because it is used simultaneously to cover city transport deficit and to reduce ticket prices.

4 Definitions and scope of public transport performance statistics

Public transport is classified in the performance statistics primarily on the basis of purpose, and secondarily according to mode of travel. Purpose is indicated by type of transport, and mode by form of transport. Public transport is also classified into fare-based and purchased transport. The classification will be discussed in more detail below.

Travel within Finland is also deemed to include the part of the rail transport between Finland and Russia on the Finnish side of the border and all bus and coach transport abroad, i.e. both its domestic and foreign parts, as no data are available on the distribution between the two.

4.1 Types of transport

The statistical classification employed here sets out from the notion of purpose and mode of transport. The types of collective transport may include both scheduled and non-scheduled transport services. The current types and their sub-types are as follows.

Long-distance transport refers to transport between built-up areas, typically covering distances in excess of 50 km.

- **The supply of fare-based long-distance transport** denotes scheduled transport designed by a transport contractor and run at his own financial risk.
- **Government-purchased transport services** are purchased on the net cost principle, whereby the contractor assumes the risk attached to the collection of fares.

Local transport denotes transport within a municipality or an economic area. A route may pass through a number of municipalities and economic areas. The passengers' journeys are usually short.

- **Transport of major cities** covers the Capital Region (Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen and Vantaa), as well as Tampere and Turku. The transport is contract transport, provided by means of purchased contracts. The principal or entire financial responsibility for this transport lies with the municipality and the supply is determined by the municipality's assessment of the demand. The lump sum remuneration received by the contractor is independent of the fare revenue while the purchaser receives the fare revenue. This type of transport could also be called transport purchased on the gross cost principle.
- **Other urban transport** involves scheduled transport services, either purchased or fare-based, which mainly serve the needs of built-up areas. Vehicles characteristically run at short intervals and make frequent stops. It involves either transport purchased on the net cost principle or fare-based scheduled transport. The supply is designed by the transport contractor, who also assumes the risk attached to the collection of fares.
- **Other collective transport** denotes scheduled transport, which, by virtue of its routes and intervals between stops, lends itself to short journeys. It

provides transport services for sparsely populated areas in particular. The services are either fare-based scheduled transport designed by the transport contractor, or transport designed and purchased on the net cost principle by ELY Centres or municipal authorities. The financial risk is borne by the contractor.

The division of figures between the types of other urban transport and other collective transport is made as follows: data on passenger numbers and kilometres driven by type of transport are received from the Finnish Bus and Coach Association (LAL). In terms of transport contractors that do not belong to LAL, we depend on distribution of performances transport contractors report for the financial statements statistics on bus and coach transport that are compiled by Statistics Finland.

As regards funding, data on the funding of transport of major cities, comprising Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku, are first drawn from the Seitti information system maintained by ELY Centres. The rest of the funding is divided between other urban transport and other collective transport so that transport in towns with licensing authorities (Decree on licensed passenger transport by road 15, July 1994/666) is classified as other urban transport and transport in other municipalities as other collective transport. All figures describing public funding are presented as net amounts. In contract transport of major cities and in ELY Centres' purchase of basic transport, fare revenues have been deducted from public funding.

Service transport refers to collective transport that is open to all but is specially designed to meet the needs of elderly persons or persons with functional disabilities. The needs are taken into account in equipment design, driver qualities and training, timetables, schedule rhythms and routes. Scheduled routes can be diverted from when required. The high standard of the services also makes using collective transport easier for other passengers. Service transport is already included in the performances of major cities. Elsewhere, the performances of service transport are included in other urban transport. Because service transport only accounts for less than one per cent of the total transport performance and basing on the data in the Seitti system most of the municipalities offering service transport are urban municipalities, this calculation method is unlikely to cause any inaccuracy. The data in the Seitti system allow the funding of service transport to be divided by type of transport. The performances and funding of the service transport purchased by provinces are presented separately in Section 2.3.

Charter transport denotes services that take place when ordered by some instance in a manner laid down by that instance. The right to travel is usually restricted to a specific group defined in the charter contract.

- **Regular charter transport** involves services with a regular route and timetable, which are usually subject to an agreement and continue for fairly long periods of time. This category contains school transport and leave transport for conscripts, for example.
- **Other charter transport** has individually agreed routes and timetables. Journeys are infrequent and occupy a fairly short period of time. The category includes tourist coaches and typical taxi services, for example.

4.2 Modes of transport

These statistics on the performances of public transport cover transport by rail, trams, underground trains, buses and coaches, taxis and air, but exclude private passenger transport and waterborne transport, for which separate statistics exist. The one exception to this concerns the ferries running between Helsinki and the island of Suomenlinna, which constitute a fixed part of the public transport system of the city of Helsinki.

The modes of transport comply with the valid Finnish standard classification of industries (2008), which is based on the NACE classification of the EU. The classification is presented in the table below.

PUBLIC TRANSPORT	Railway	Tram and underground	Buses and coaches	Taxi	Air
COLLECTIVE TRANSPORT					
Long distance transport	49100 Passenger rail transport, interurban		49391 Scheduled long-distance bus and motor coach transport		51101 Scheduled air transport
Urban transport of major cities	49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport	49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport	49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport		
Other urban transport			49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport		
Other collective transport	49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport		49310 Urban and suburban passenger land transport 49391 Scheduled long-distance bus and motor coach transport	49320 Taxi operation	
CHARTER TRANSPORT					
Regular charter transport			49392 Non-scheduled bus and motor-coach transport	49320 Taxi operation	51102 Non-scheduled air transport
Other charter transport			49392 Non-scheduled bus and motor-coach transport	49320 Taxi operation	51102 Non-scheduled air transport

These statistics on public transport performances and the EU practice differ in respect of the classification of typical taxi transport, which is regarded in Finland as charter transport while services run only with taxis and ticket products largely under conditions comparable to those laid down for buses are regarded as collective transport. The EU classifies all taxi transport as collective transport. Thus, in respect of taxis, the same category can contain both collective and chartered transport services.

4.3 Performances and public funding statistics

4.3.1 Performance figures

The statistics employ public transport demand and supply data to indicate performance.

The **demand** statistics refer to all boarding on all modes of transport and the corresponding numbers of passenger kilometres.

Supply is recorded in the form of total supply by each mode of transport. **Vehicle kilometres** denote carriage kilometres for railway transport, scheduled route kilometres for tram, underground train and bus transport (also charter kilometres in the case of coaches), kilometres driven for taxi transport and route kilometres for air transport. **Place kilometres** are indicated in terms of both seat place and total place kilometres, which include all places, i.e. also possible standing places (sleeping berths on railways are counted as seats in these statistics).

Two measures are used for describing **degree of utilisation**: the utilisation of seating, i.e. the ratio of the number of paid passenger kilometres to the number of seat place kilometres offered, expressed as a percentage. The other calculated measure is total utilisation, i.e. the ratio of the number of paid passenger kilometres to the number of place kilometres offered.

4.3.2 Public funding

All funding figures are exclusive of value-added tax.

Public funding for public transport is granted by government ministries and municipalities. The statistics on direct funding include:

- purchases of transport services by the government and municipalities
- compensation for contract transport deficits
- purchase of fare reductions, i.e. fare funding.

Indirect public funding is provided through the reimbursement of travel expenses for certain population groups. Figures on funding are presented as net amounts, i.e. if a public body received fare revenues (e.g. in contract transport) they are deducted from the gross amount of public funding in deficit calculation.

In order to be able to obtain a comprehensive picture of the impact of public funding one needs several viewpoints on funding. These are described below:

FUNDING VIEWPOINT	FIELD OF DESCRIPTION
Allocation of funding to different types and modes of transport	Importance of funding from the point of profitability of public transport
Sources of funding	Role of different sources in the overall funding of public transport
Focus of funding	Transport policy and other objectives
Performance figures arising through funding	Efficiency of funding

Public transport funding can be divided into the following categories according to purpose:

Public funding promoting supply covers the purchase of transport services, State subsidies and compensations for deficits. The additional supply generated by funding can be recognised mainly in the case of the purchase of transport.

Public funding promoting demand covers reimbursements of the travel expenses of special groups and purchases of fare reductions. The funding manifests itself in the form of the fare revenues accruing to the transport contractor. It is usually possible to find out the number of journeys receiving this type of funding. Tariff support is discussed here from the point of demand, as it is often difficult to distinguish it from the funding of supply.

Since statistical information is not available on all the performance figures generated through public funding, the results presented in Section 2.2 should be taken only as indicative of the general trend.

5 Compilation and accuracy of statistics

5.1 Performance data

The basic data for the public transport performance statistics are derived from sources that already compile statistics on at least some performances. Some of the required additional data are obtained with special surveys. The situation is discussed below for each mode of transport separately.

5.1.1 Railway transport

Data on railway transport exist in the form of statistics maintained by the VR-Group. In the area of the Helsinki Metropolitan Area Council (YTV) passenger kilometres are calculated by multiplying the passenger numbers reported by the VR-Group by the average length of train journey in the area ascertained with a survey of ticket types.

Vehicle kilometres do not include transit and service operation with the exception of certain short-distance carriage moves. Statistics on short-haul railway transport cover boarding of collective transport and the corresponding passenger kilometres. With long-distance rail transport, numbers of passengers are obtained from sold ticket numbers, meaning that small children, persons with free passes and certain journeys with international tickets, such as the Interrail pass, are not recorded.

With regard to the number of journeys it should be noted that a long-distance rail journey involving a train change counts as one journey. The estimated proportion of such journeys is 10 to 15 per cent.

5.1.2 Tram and underground transport

Tram and underground transport services are only available in Helsinki. The data are received direct from Helsinki Region Transport (HSL). The data on the performances of trams are based on a sample while those on the performances of metro trains derive from an automatic counting system. The statistics cover boarding of collective transport and the corresponding passenger kilometres. The number of boarding passengers exceeds the number of persons having made a journey by the number of transfers, where one passenger is recorded twice as a passenger. This does not affect the accuracy of the statistics. Place kilometres are based on the passenger capacities given in the planning guidelines revised by HSL.

5.1.3 Bus and coach transport

Data on the vehicle kilometres and passenger numbers of scheduled and non-scheduled transport run by bus companies are derived direct from the Finnish Bus and Coach Association (LAL) while those for non-members of the Association are obtained from Statistics Finland's financial statements data on bus and coach transport companies. The figures of the LAL, which are also based on financial statements data, were used direct in the 2001, 1999 and 1997 statistics and adjusted with the number of buses to concern its entire membership. The problem in doing this was that, especially in charter transport, the number of small, non-member

companies of the LAL, which these statistics did not cover, kept growing from one year to the next. Because of this, since the year 2002 the figures of the LAL have been supplemented with data from financial statements statistics. The data of the non-members of the LAL having responded to the financial statements statistics inquiry have first been adjusted with turnover data obtainable from taxation files to apply to all non-members of the LAL, and then added to the data in these statistics on performances and turnover. In respect of funding data, such procedure is not required, because the data on totals are obtained from other sources.

A majority of the contract transport purchased from bus transport companies by major cities (regional transport in the capital region and local transport in Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku) are already contained in the statistics of the Finnish Bus and Coach Association. The overlap has been eliminated by relying in the respect of contract transport only on the data provided by the purchasers (HSL, Turku and Tampere).

The data supplied by the Finnish Bus and Coach Association (LAL) on vehicle kilometres are exclusive of transit and service kilometres. The statistics of the LAL appertain to its member companies and can be regarded as accurate. Almost all large, corporate-form enterprises belong to the LAL and the coverage of the data on the number of vehicles is over 90 per cent. The passenger kilometres for bus companies are calculated on the basis of the survey "Average Length of Bus Journeys"³. Basing on a study conducted with the data of Matkahuolto in 2006, it seems that at least as far as other collective transport is concerned the data from this survey are still reliable.

The accuracy of the passenger kilometre performance figures in fare-based transport is essentially dependent on the survey of average journey lengths used as a basis for the calculations. Passenger surveys are carried out so often in transport systems run by major cities that any errors in the performance measures will be quite small.

Data on the performances of regional transport were collected direct from ELY Centres and they are shown in these statistics as included in total performances, and as separate figures in the tables describing regional transport.

Statistics on bus and coach transport cover boarding of collective transport and the corresponding passenger kilometres. The number of boarding passengers exceeds the number of persons having made a journey by the number of transfers, where one passenger is recorded twice as a passenger. This does not, however, affect the accuracy of the statistics.

5.1.4 Taxi transport

Data for the years 2007 to 2011 on the vehicle kilometres of taxis are based on the professional vehicle kilometres reported by the holders of taxi licences to the ELY Centres. In earlier statistics, the data were based on rough estimates obtained from the Finnish Taxi Association. To retain the comparability of the time series, the data on taxi performances over the 1997–2006 period have been updated on the basis of performance data in 2007 by using the index figures (1997=100) for taxi performances in the 2007 public transport performance statistics.

³ Average Length of Bus Journeys, Ministry of Transport and Communications 37/94.

Service and transit kilometres are deducted from the total vehicle kilometres supplied by the Finnish Taxi Association, yielding productive vehicle kilometres. Taxi performance for other collective transport and regular charter transport has been assessed by means of the change in vehicle kilometres, in the school transport costs of comprehensive schools and in taxi fares. The base year of the calculation is 1995, when a survey of performances in taxi transport (Ministry of Transport and Communications, June 1996) was conducted. Then the types of transport mentioned above are deducted from the total vehicle kilometres of taxis, resulting in other charter (i.e. “ordinary”) transport of taxis. Place kilometres are derived from vehicle kilometres by multiplying them by the average number of passenger seats per taxi. Information from the 1995 survey on the performance of taxi transport is used with regard to the following:

- vehicle kilometres by transport type in 1995
- proportion of service and transit kilometres (%)
- average length of a journey (km)
- average number of passengers (passengers/journey)
- passenger performance/journey (person-kilometre/journey).

5.1.5 Air transport

Air transport performance data have been obtained from Finavia’s Air Traffic Statistics and from the tables supplementing them. The time series on air transport covers all notable operators of domestic flights. No separate statistics are compiled on domestic air charter transport, which is therefore included in the data on regular air transport. General aviation, mainly comprised of amateur aviation, is not included in these statistics.

An air transport passenger is counted as one passenger for as long as the flight number remains unchanged throughout the journey inclusive of intermediate landings. In contrast, a transfer where each leg of the journey is covered by a separate ticket results in double recording of the passenger, but in these cases at least one of the flights usually concerns international transport.

Data on free travel passes and the like are not included in the statistics on air transport. Finnair previously deemed as a free pass a ticket for which no more than 24% of the normal fare had been paid. Infants-in-arms occupying no seat of their own are not recorded in passenger statistics.

5.1.6 Other factors influencing the accuracy of the statistics

When compiling the newest statistics, source data of previous years are often updated, which means that the figures in the previous printed publication are not always correct in all respects.

The content of the Public transport performance statistics has remained unchanged in general outlines compared to previous statistical releases. The updating and development needs of the statistics have been examined in a report commissioned by the Finnish Transport Agency in 2012, see Weiste, Henriika: Julkisen liikenteen suoritetilaston kehittäminen (Developing the Public transport performance statistics). Preliminary report. Finnish Transport Agency’s studies and reports 30/2012. Finnish Transport Agency. Helsinki 2012. The report is also available in Finnish with a summary in English on the website of the Finnish Transport Agency (situation in spring 2013).

5.2 Public funding data

The current availability of information on the funding of public transport is described in the following table:

Funding body	Funding affecting supply	Funding demand affecting
Ministry of Transport and Communications	Own statistics	
Finnish Transport Agency	Own statistics	
ELY Centres	Own statistics	Own statistics
Education	Municipal statistics, special surveys	Statistics of the Social Insurance Institution
Health and Social Services	Municipal statistics, special surveys	Statistics of the Social Insurance Institution
Ministry of Defence	Statistics of the Defence Staff	Statistics of the Defence Staff
Ministry of Employment and the Economy		Own statistics
Major cities	Helsinki Region Transport, Tampere Public Transport, Turku Collective Transport Board	Helsinki City Transport, Helsinki Region Transport, Tampere Public Transport, Turku Collective Transport Board
Other municipalities	Municipal statistics, special surveys	Special surveys

Data on purchases of railway traffic and flights by the **Ministry of Transport and Communications** have been obtained direct from the Ministry. **Finnish Transport Agency** collects information from **ELY Centres** on purchases of basic transport services and on state subsidies for local, urban, regional, commuter and service transport.

In 1995–2001, the funding of public transport purchased by **municipalities** was determined from figures in the statistics produced by Statistics Finland on the finances and activities of municipalities and since 2003 from those in the Seitti system. Municipalities do not finance basic transport by taxis, so they only purchase bus and coach transport. In 1995–2001, the allocation of funds for types and modes of transport in municipalities' reimbursements of travel expenses had to be determined according to the distributions of a special survey⁴ in 1995, which means that the distributions for 1997–2001 are partly estimated.

For the 2001 statistics, health and social services' reimbursements of travel expenses for 2000 were determined from a special survey⁵. For 1999 and 1997 reimbursements for travel expenses in health and social services were interpolated using figures from the special survey of 1995 and the 2001 statistics with the assumption that the growth of funding followed a straightforward pattern between 1995 and 2001. For the

⁴ Municipalities' passenger transport costs, Publications of the Ministry of Transport 40/97.

⁵ Transport services 2001, Ministry of Transport and Communications report 3 June 2001.

statistics of 2001 and earlier, data on reimbursements of travels expenses in education were received annually. For municipal sectors other than education, and health and social services, transport costs for the statistics of 2001 and earlier, were determined from the transport costs studied with a special survey in 1995, and in consequence of this errors in them are minor because reimbursements of travel expenses in the other municipal sectors are very small compared to the two aforementioned ones. Municipalities' reimbursements of travel expenses are distributed to all modes and types of transport with the exception of long-distance transport.

For 2011, the Seitti data collection no longer inquired about the transport costs of municipalities' health sectors, so these data for that year are pure estimates.

State subsidies for purchases of local transport and service transport have been treated as purchases. The state pays fare subsidies for urban, regional and commuter tickets. The state's share of the aforementioned is no more than half and municipalities pay the remainder. Allocation of all state subsidies on fares had to be estimated for the 1997–2001 period and this was done by assigning equal proportions to other collective transport and municipalities, and the rest to other urban transport. At most, the state's pays as much of the fare subsidies as municipalities do, but municipalities may also pay fare subsidies without state subsidies. For the years between 1997 and 2001, the division between types of transport has been done according to type of municipality using the statistics on the finances and activities of municipalities as the data source (activity category public transport, i.e. 630). From 2003 onwards, the data have been derived from the Seitti system. The data in the Seitti system have been somewhat deficient also in this respect, so the division between types of transport has been estimated to some extent. However, the effect from these deficiencies is minor. If the figure on state's purchases and fare subsidies in the Seitti system has differed from the figure supplied by the Ministry of Transport and Communications, the latter figure has been used with the exception that the figure in the Seitti system has been used for service transport purchases. From 2011 onwards, the corresponding figures have been received from the Finnish Transport Agency.

Funding has been divided between types of transport as follows: first the funding of urban transport of major cities, comprising Helsinki, Espoo, Kauniainen, Vantaa, Tampere and Turku, are drawn. The remaining funding is divided between other urban transport and other collective transport so that transport in towns that used to have licensing authorities (Decree on licensed passenger transport by road 15, July 1994/666), except for the type of transport concerned in major cities, is classified as other urban transport, while transport in other municipalities is regarded as other collective transport.

Data in the Seitti system start from 2003, so there is a break between 2001 and 2003 in the time series of these statistics due to the different calculation methods. The time series have been harmonised by applying to the older figures (relating to the 1995 to 2001 period) the same public transport's share of overall compensations as indicated in the Seitti system. In 2003 and 2005, public transport's share of overall compensations was smaller according to the 1995 special survey than according to the Seitti system, therefore the figures presented in these statistics deviate considerably from those in the 2003 statistics (Ministry of Transport and Communications publications 9/2005).

As regards the year 2011, 85–90 per cent of municipalities had updated their data on reimbursements of travel expenses into the Seitti system by December 2012. The response activity had increased compared to previous statistics. For instance, while compiling the 2009 publication, the corresponding percentage share was only 32 and while compiling the 2007 publication it was 75 per cent. The missing data for 2011 have been substituted with 2009 data updated with a raising coefficient. It is assumed that in the municipalities with missing data costs from 2009 to 2011 have developed in the same way as in the municipalities for which data are available for both 2009 and 2011. The data for major cities and HSL region were excluded from the calculation of the raising coefficient, as they were assumed to have differed greatly from the cost development of other regions of Finland.

If data were not available for any year for a municipality, efforts were made to find another municipality with as closely matching population density as possible and the missing data were substituted with the data for that municipality.

The problem with the use of the data is that municipalities may not allocate their funds in a uniform manner, so the division of funding may contain inaccuracies. This does not influence the total sums of funding.

All goods transport, such as transport of freight, meals and supplies, and costs relating to home services provided by social services are excluded from the figures. Except for Helsinki regional transport, joint municipal boards do not purchase transport. Reimbursements of travel expenses joint municipal boards may have paid form a very small proportion of the contributions municipalities pay to them, and separate statistics are not compiled on them, therefore they could only be identified in the operating costs of joint municipal boards by going through their bookkeeping invoice by invoice. Thus, obtaining this information is in practice impossible and according to the estimate of the Association of Finnish Local and Regional Authorities the role of these funds is marginal compared to the compensations paid by municipalities, so this is not a significant deficiency in the funding figures.

Under the category of **education**, transport arranged for comprehensive schools is financed by municipalities. The Social Insurance Institution pays school transport support to pupils of upper secondary schools and students of vocational education institutes and other schools providing education leading to a qualification. Data on reimbursements of travel expenses paid by municipal education services have been obtained from the Seitti system of ELY Centres since 2003.

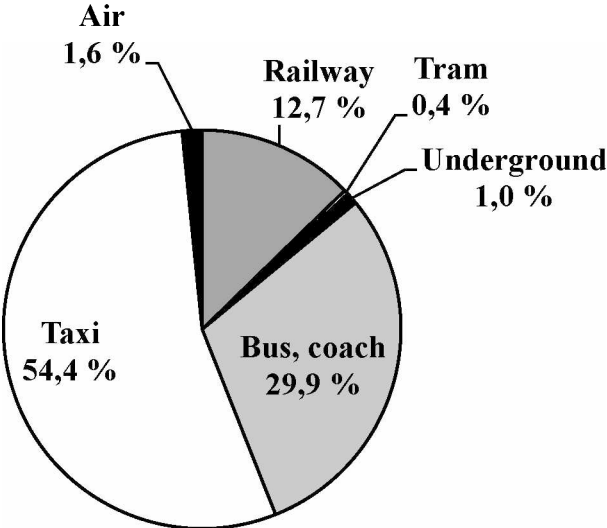
Health and social services refer to data on the transport pertaining to health care and social services. Data on government-funded transport arranged under the Sickness Insurance Act are obtained from the statistics of the Social Insurance Institution. Data on reimbursements of travel expenses paid by municipal health and social services have been obtained from the Seitti system of ELY Centres since 2003. In addition, the costs of municipalities' health sectors have been derived from the Seitti system for 2003 to 2009. For 2011, the Seitti data collection no longer inquired about the transport costs of municipalities' health sectors, so the data for 2011 are estimates.

The **Ministry of Defence** has supplied information on journeys provided for national service conscripts and reserve forces. The data on the funding of the Ministry of Defence are estimates, because the Finnish Defence Staff does not monitor funds spent on transport costs with sufficient accuracy for statistics. Up to 2007, information about the funding of journeys of conscripts performing community service was received from the Ministry of Labour. The data on 2011 are based on the 2007 data, which have been corrected with the change in the number performers of community service obtained from the statistics of the Social Insurance Institution of Finland.

Data on purchases in the contract transport of **major cities** have been obtained direct from the collective transport organisations of the cities concerned.

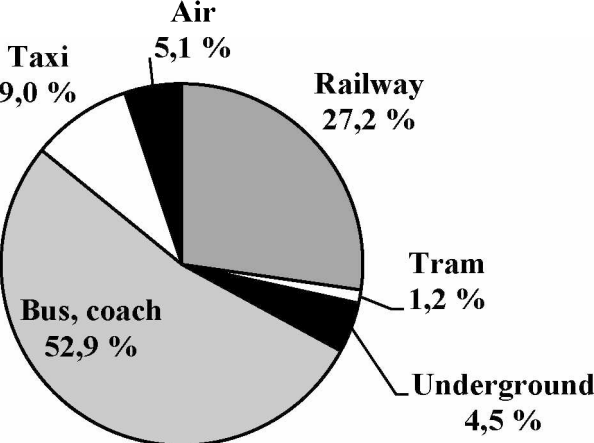
PERFORMANCE 2011

Vehicle kilometres



PERFORMANCE 2011

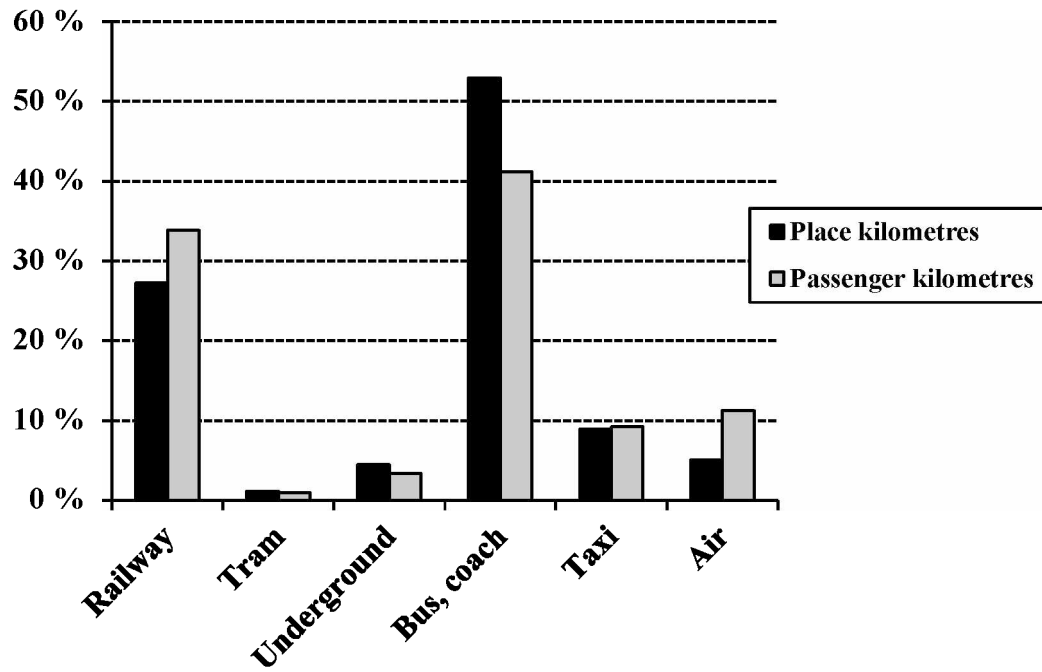
Place kilometres (including standing places)



SUPPLY AND DEMAND 2011

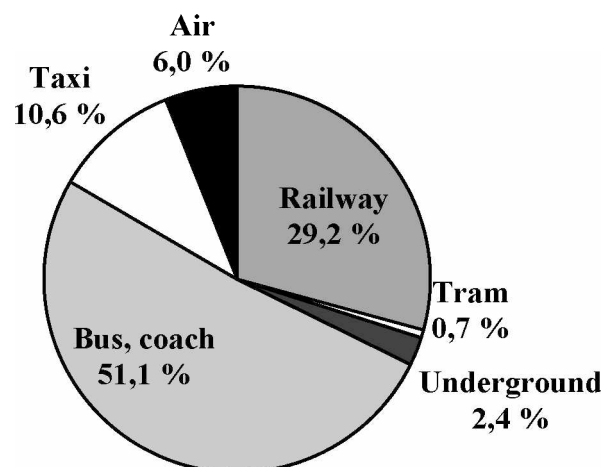
Place and passenger kilometres

Proportion of all place and passenger kilometres
by mode of transport



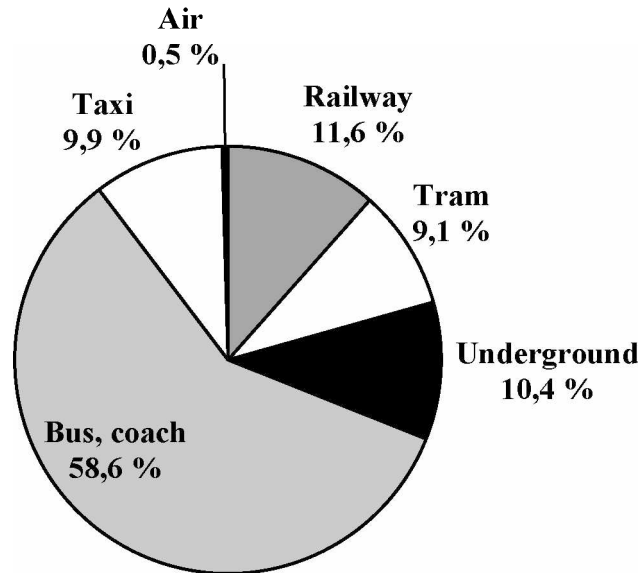
SUPPLY AND DEMAND 2011

Seat place kilometres (including sleeping places of trains)



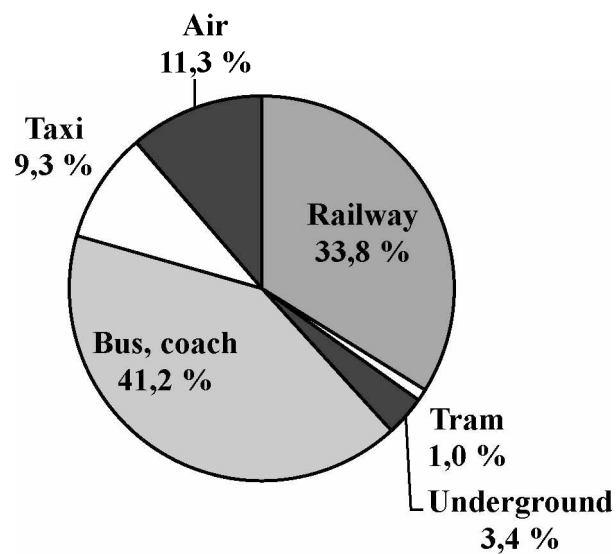
PERFORMANCE 2011

Number of passengers



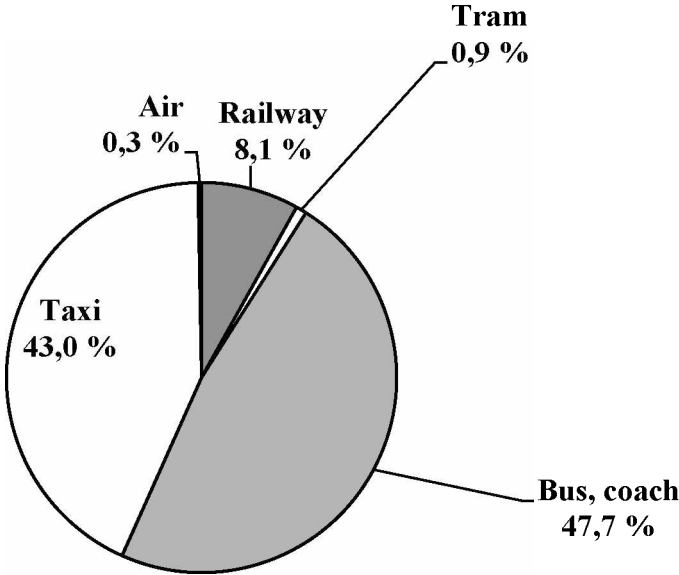
PERFORMANCE 2011

Passenger kilometres



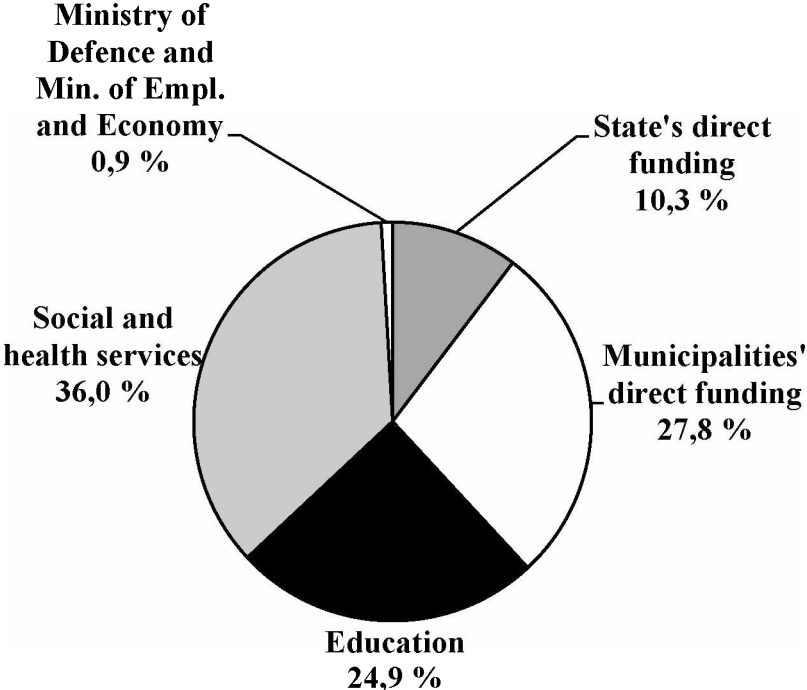
FUNDING 2011

Allocation of total funding

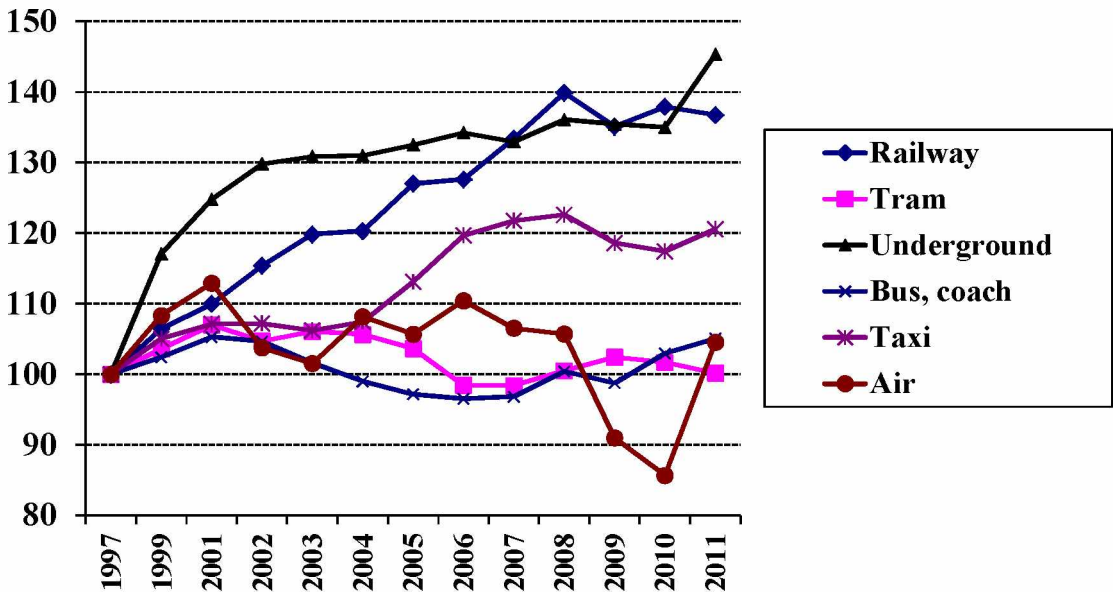


FUNDING 2011

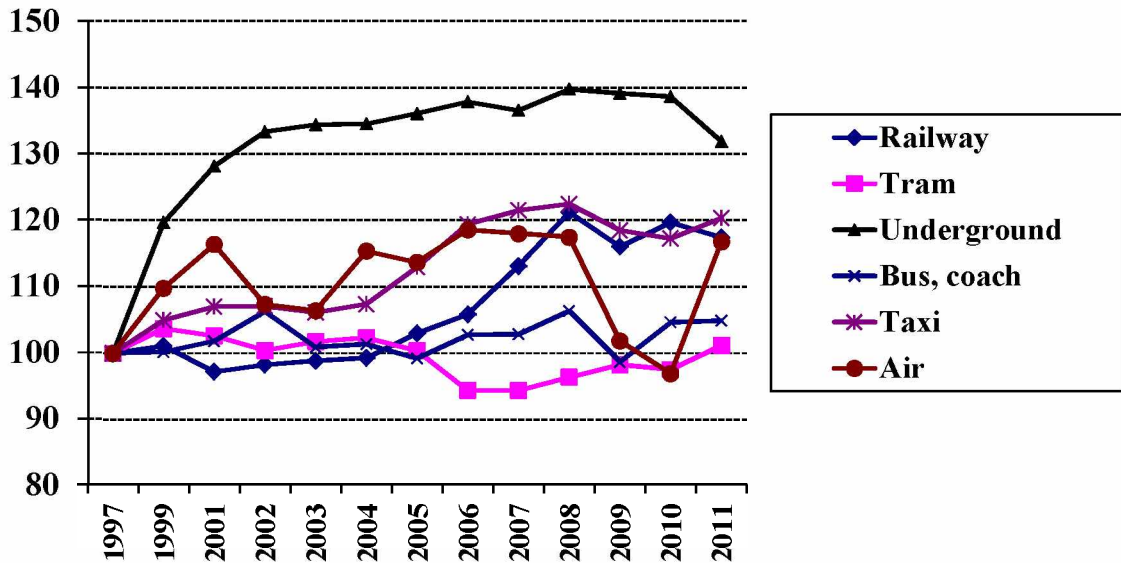
Sources of total funding



Numbers of passengers
Index 1997 = 100

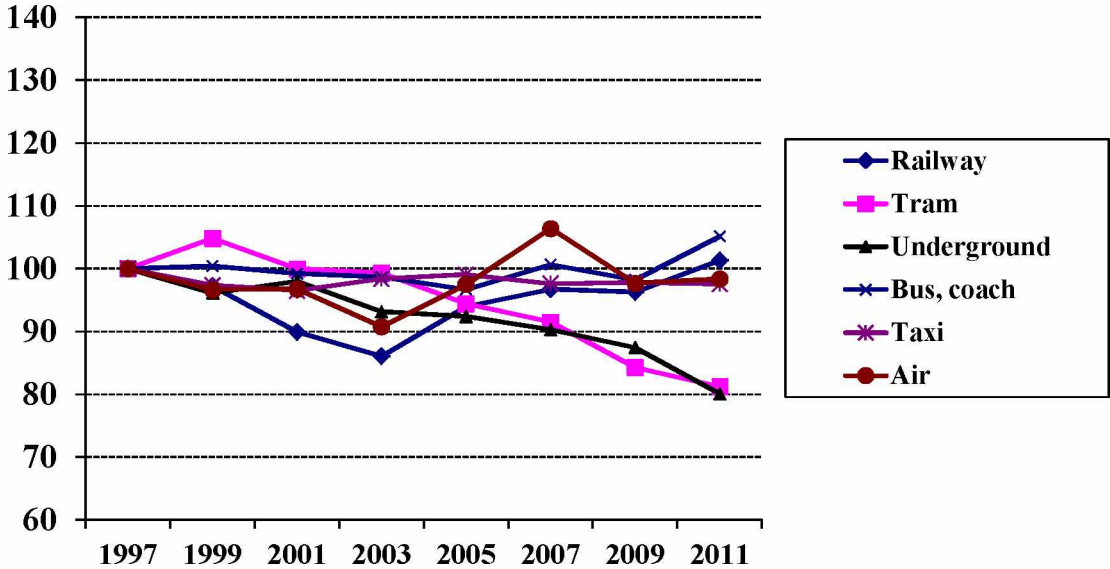


Passenger kilometres
Index 1997 = 100



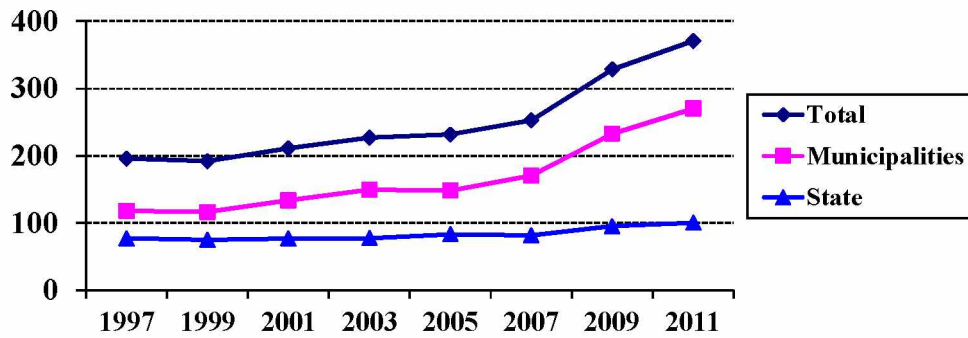
Capacity utilisation: passenger kilometres / passenger seat kilometres
(incl. sleeping places of trains)

Index 1997 = 100



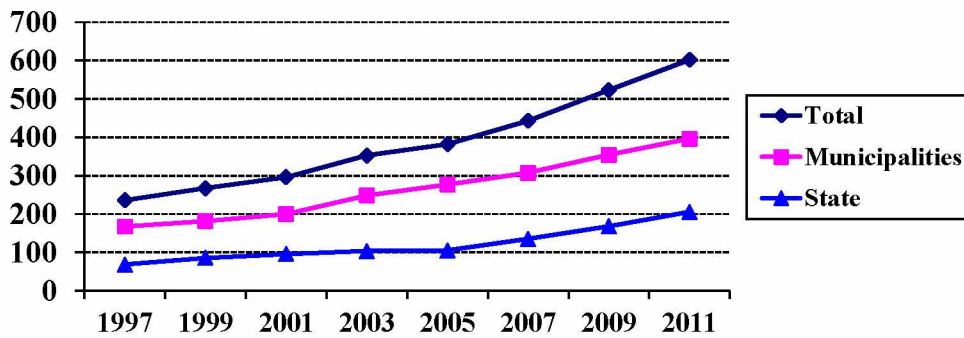
Public funding for public transport, EUR million

Direct funding (transport purchases, state subsidies and funding of loss-making transport)

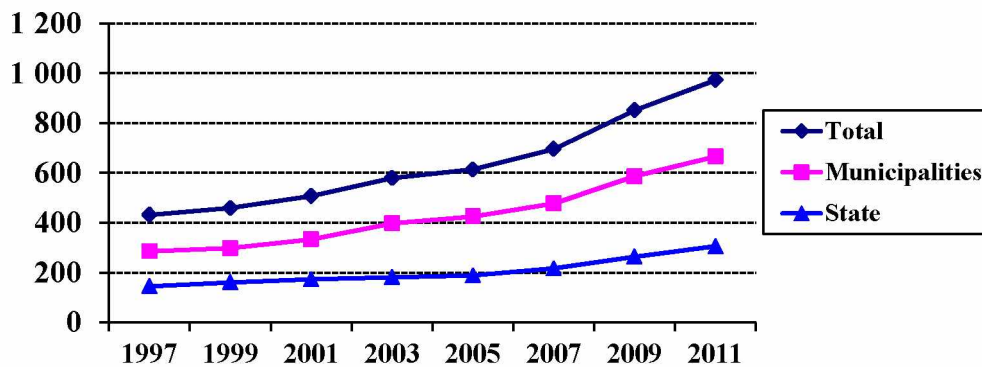


Reimbursements of travel expenses

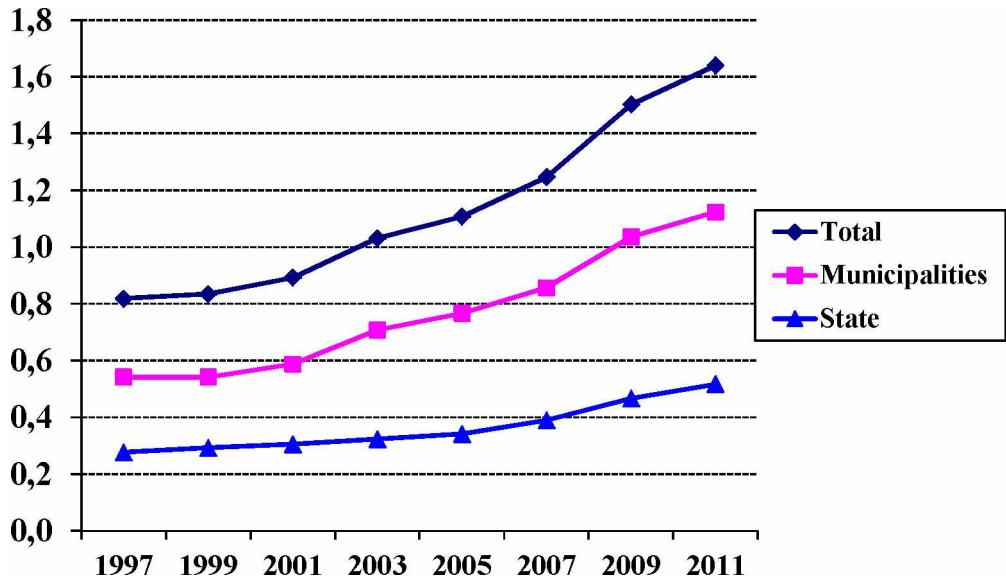
(reductions for special groups and reimbursements of travel expenses)



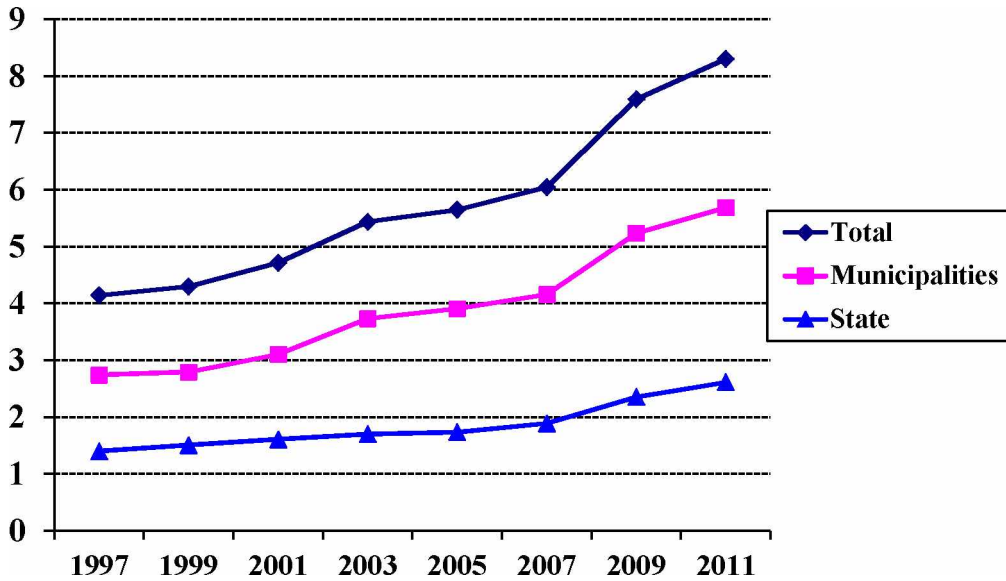
Public funding total (direct funding and reimbursements of travel expenses together)



**Total public funding of public transport
EUR / passenger**



**Total public funding of public transport
Cent / passenger kilometre**



Time series of performance as indices 1997 = 100

Vehicle kilometres

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
1999	101,6	98,5	125,2	102,1	105,2	107,8	65,0	103,9
2001	101,6	102,2	131,5	105,0	107,3	113,7	64,6	106,0
2002	104,8	101,7	145,1	111,9	107,3	105,9	64,6	108,7
2003	107,4	102,0	145,1	104,9	106,3	108,9	65,3	106,3
2004	105,4	97,8	146,4	106,0	107,5	113,8	65,3	107,0
2005	104,5	97,2	148,1	105,5	113,3	118,8	65,3	109,8
2006	102,9	95,9	146,9	104,9	120,1	118,2	66,6	112,9
2007	104,1	95,4	152,0	105,8	122,1	110,5	70,0	114,3
2008	106,6	99,4	151,7	107,1	122,8	110,9	71,6	115,4
2009	106,1	101,9	159,9	104,1	118,7	111,0	71,7	112,4
2010	105,5	100,0	159,0	105,5	117,7	111,0	71,6	112,2
2011	109,5	99,7	164,3	104,2	120,9	119,4	76,7	114,1

Passengers

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
1999	106,4	103,6	117,0	102,4	105,0	108,3	117,5	104,4
2001	110,0	107,0	124,8	105,3	107,1	112,9	116,7	107,7
2002	115,4	104,7	129,8	104,6	107,1	103,7	125,0	107,9
2003	119,8	106,0	130,9	101,6	106,2	101,5	108,3	106,6
2004	120,3	105,6	131,0	99,0	107,4	108,1	116,7	105,1
2005	127,0	103,6	132,5	97,2	113,1	105,7	116,7	105,0
2006	127,6	98,4	134,2	96,5	119,7	110,4	116,7	104,9
2007	133,4	98,4	132,9	96,8	121,7	106,5	125,0	105,7
2008	139,9	100,5	136,1	100,4	122,6	105,7	125,0	109,1
2009	135,1	102,4	135,4	98,7	118,6	91,0	128,9	107,3
2010	137,9	101,7	135,0	102,9	117,4	85,7	131,5	110,0
2011	136,8	100,1	145,3	105,1	120,5	104,5	138,1	112,3

Passenger kilometres

	Railway	Tram	Under-ground	Bus, coach	Taxi	Air	Ferry to SI	TOTAL
1997	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
1999	101,1	103,7	119,7	100,2	105,0	109,8	112,1	102,5
2001	97,2	102,6	128,2	101,8	107,0	116,4	115,2	103,1
2002	98,3	100,4	133,3	106,3	107,1	107,4	124,2	104,6
2003	98,9	101,7	134,4	100,9	106,2	106,4	109,1	102,3
2004	99,3	102,3	134,5	101,4	107,4	115,4	115,2	103,7
2005	103,0	100,4	136,1	99,2	113,0	113,7	115,2	104,3
2006	105,9	94,4	137,9	102,8	119,4	118,6	118,2	107,9
2007	113,1	94,4	136,6	102,9	121,5	118,0	121,2	110,3
2008	121,2	96,4	139,8	106,4	122,5	117,5	121,2	114,6
2009	116,1	98,2	139,1	98,7	118,5	101,8	127,3	107,5
2010	119,7	97,5	138,6	104,6	117,3	96,9	130,3	110,7
2011	117,4	101,2	131,9	104,9	120,4	116,8	135,6	112,3

Allocation of direct public funding to purchases and fare reductions

Sources of funding total, EUR million

	Central government				Local government				TOTAL			
	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	71,8	5,7	68,6	146,1	111,4	6,9	167,8	286,1	183,2	12,6	236,3	432,2
1999	69,0	6,4	85,8	161,3	109,7	7,0	182,0	298,7	178,8	13,4	267,8	460,0
2001	69,2	8,0	96,1	173,3	125,2	8,8	200,3	334,3	194,4	16,8	296,4	507,6
2003	67,9	9,7	104,1	181,7	136,7	12,9	248,9	398,6	204,7	22,6	353,0	580,3
2005	72,4	11,0	105,6	189,0	133,8	14,6	277,1	425,5	206,2	25,5	382,8	614,6
2007	71,2	10,9	135,5	217,6	153,1	17,6	308,0	478,7	224,3	28,5	443,5	696,3
2009	80,6	15,0	168,8	264,4	208,9	24,0	354,7	587,6	289,5	39,0	523,5	852,0
2011	80,5	20,0	205,9	306,5	246,0	24,2	396,4	666,6	326,5	44,3	602,3	973,1

Sources of funding for collective transport, EUR million

	Central government				Local government				TOTAL			
	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	67,3	5,7	29,2	102,2	111,4	6,9	81,3	199,7	178,7	12,6	110,5	301,9
1999	64,0	6,4	37,3	107,7	109,7	7,0	82,6	199,3	173,7	13,4	119,9	307,0
2001	64,9	8,0	42,7	115,6	125,2	8,8	86,7	220,7	190,1	16,8	129,4	336,3
2003	67,5	9,7	47,0	124,3	136,7	12,9	117,7	267,3	204,3	22,6	164,7	391,6
2005	69,0	11,0	33,3	113,3	133,8	14,6	130,7	279,1	202,9	25,5	164,0	392,4
2007	67,7	10,9	34,3	112,8	153,1	17,6	155,1	325,7	220,7	28,5	189,4	438,6
2009	76,1	15,0	41,1	132,2	208,9	24,0	174,2	407,1	285,0	39,0	215,3	539,4
2011	76,1	20,0	43,1	139,3	246,0	24,2	161,2	431,4	322,1	44,3	204,4	570,7

Sources of funding for charter transport, EUR million

	Central government				Local government				TOTAL			
	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total	Pur- chases	Fare reduct.	Reimb. of travel exp.	Total
1997	4,6	-	39,4	43,9	-	-	86,4	86,4	4,6	-	125,8	130,4
1999	5,0	-	48,5	53,5	-	-	99,4	99,4	5,0	-	147,9	152,9
2001	4,3	-	53,4	57,7	-	-	113,6	113,6	4,3	-	167,0	171,3
2003	0,4	-	57,1	57,5	-	-	131,3	131,3	0,4	-	188,3	188,7
2005	3,4	-	72,3	75,7	-	-	146,5	146,5	3,4	-	218,8	222,2
2007	3,6	-	101,2	104,8	-	-	152,9	152,9	3,6	-	254,2	257,7
2009	4,5	-	127,7	132,2	-	-	180,4	180,4	4,5	-	308,1	312,6
2011	4,4	-	162,8	167,2	-	-	235,2	235,2	4,4	-	398,0	402,4



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