

Bridge over troubled water - using the CRIS in building Open Access infrastructures



Nina Karlstrøm, CRIStin

Our mandate...



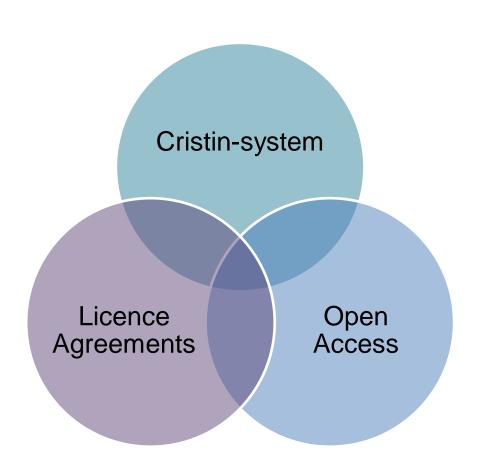
"This Government thinks that in principle all publicly funded scientific research should be made publicly available."

Lange linjer – kunnskap gir muligheter St. meld 18 (2012-2013)



Who we are



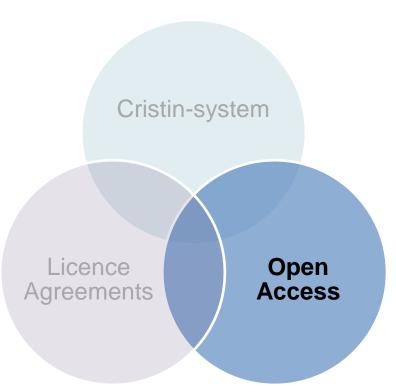


Owned by the Ministry of Education and Research in cooperation with the Ministry of Health

Established Jan 1st 2011

Open Access





- National coordinator for Norwegian Open Access
- •From 2011 responsible for NORA (Norwegian Open Archives)
- •Works to promote both the Green and Gold road towards Open Access

Action plan



• Infrastructure projects

- Mainly along Green OA. Build a highway from the CRIS to the institutional repositories. Better search engine combining the CRIS and the IR's
- Work closely with other institutions on exchange
- Establish indicators within in the CRIStin system to measure
 OA impact

Political – strategic

 Promote Open Access on all levels – government, institutional and research

What is Open Access



Open Access (OA) refers to unrestricted online access to articles published in peer-reviewed scholarly journals. It means free access to reading and downloading, and the author maintains copyright to his/her article



What is the difference?



The transition to Open Access shifts focus from product to service – from reader to author

- Subscription based journals are a product where the reader must pay to gain access
- Open Access-journals are selling a service offering peerreviewing and editorial support

CRIS and Open Access



- The CRIS is the single point of entry for all Norwegian research
- The CRIS is where accepted versions of articles for selfarchiving are uploaded and transferred to institutional repositories
- The CRIS gives information on where articles are published
- This information can be used to identify potential articles for self-archiving



Prerequisites



- A national CRIS for all research output
- Weighted funding model based on reported publications
- Control on a national level
- Easy extraction of data and statistics



Building a highway to the repositories



The CRIS performs some vital tasks:

 Makes it simple for a researcher to upload a fulltext file when registrering a record in the CRIS

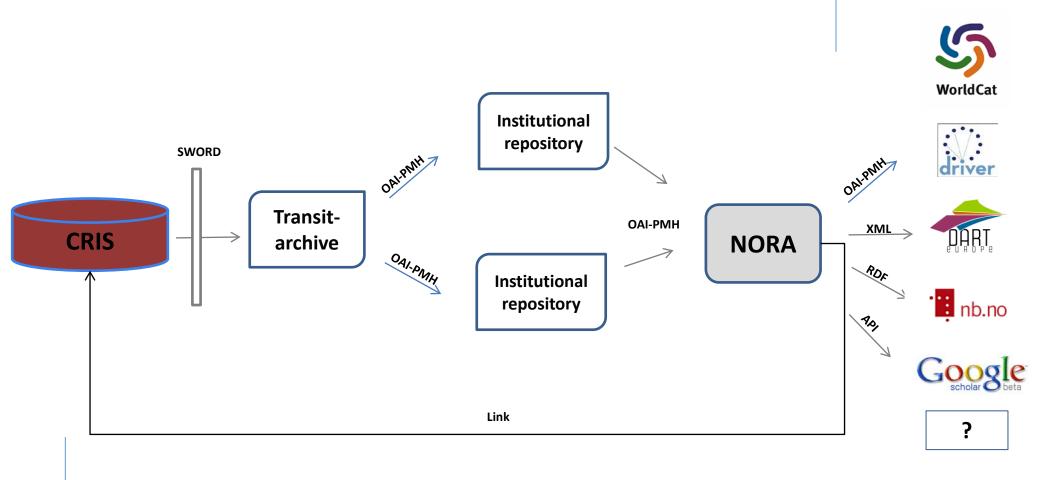
Makes the transfer of fulltext to a repository as smooth as

possible



Dataflow: The technical side

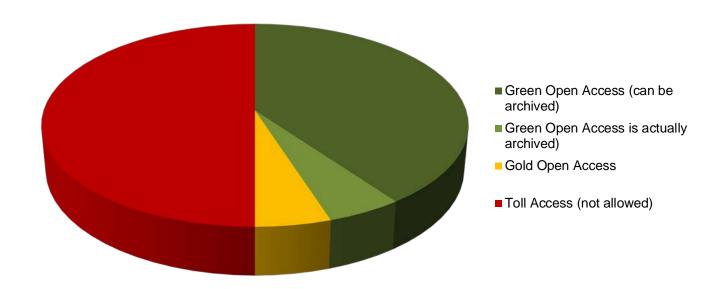




Potential for Green Open Access



There are 20 000 bibliographical records in the CRIS for 2012. How can we exploit this to boost Open Access?



40% of articles registered in the CRIS could have been self-archived in a repository but is not.

Check for candidates



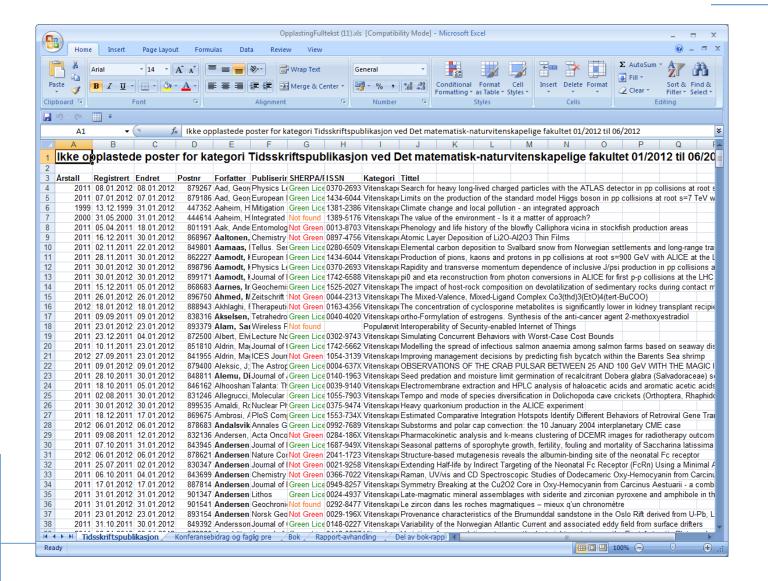
Green Open Access articles:

- Check each record in the CRIS against SHERPA/ROMEO
- •If a positive hit, send record to a separate list
- Repository manager receives list and contacts author for uploading
- Repository manager has to do the final clearance



Check for candidates





Send them through...



Gold Open Access articles:

- Can be downloaded and pushed directly to repositories.
 (If we know it is published in a genuine Open Access-journal and we have the link/DOI)
- Repository manager has to do the final clearance

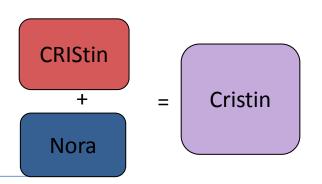


Spread the word



Still some work to be done by the CRIS:

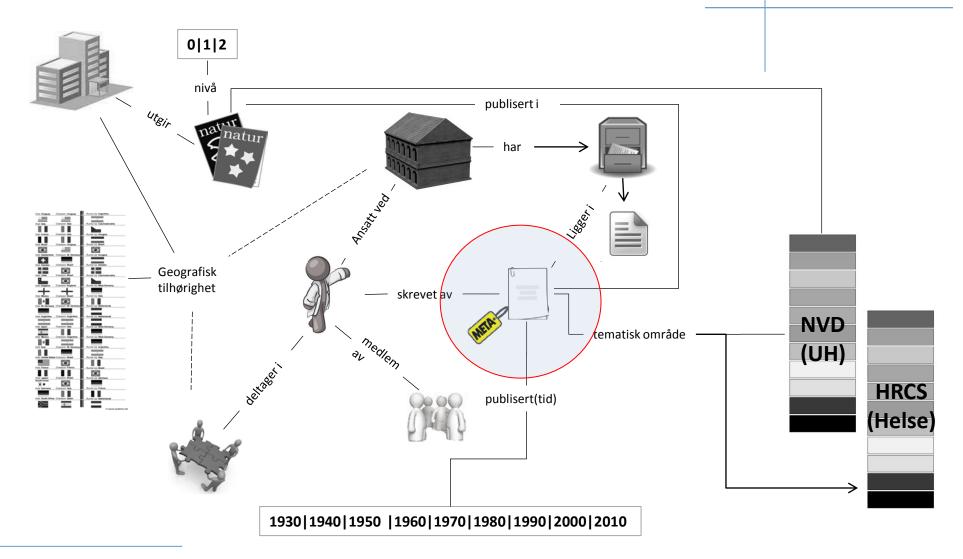
- The CRIS must make sure that Open Access-publications is disseminated to services around the world
- This task is currently done by a service/portal called NORA (Norwegian Open Research Archives)
- Soon to be fully integrated into the CRIS





The best of both worlds





PASTEUR40A



And the acronym?

Open Access Policy Alignment Strategies for European Union Research

Proposal submitted in January under the Call "Science in Society 2013 1.3.3.-1". Have got very positive reviews and will be funded

Build on existing MedOANet

PASTEUR4OA (continued)



- Scheduled to start in February 2014, duration 30 months
- Partners are:
 - EKT, Greece
 - Enabling Open Scholarship, Belgium
 - University of Minho, Portugal
 - CRIStin, Norway
 - Electronics Information for Libraries (EIFL)
 - EuroCRIS
 - Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Hungary
 - Politecnico di Torino, Italy
 - SPARC Europe
 - LIBER
 - JISC, United Kingdom
 - Haceteppe University, Turkey

PASTEUR4OA will:



- Support the aim of encouraging the development and matching policies on open access and open data in the European Union
- Follow up the European Commission's recommendation on "Access to and preservation to scientific information" (July 2012)
- Maximize alignment with the Horizon 2020 policy on access to the research funded by the Commisison. The project will help develop and/or reinforce open access strategies and policies at the national level and facilitate their coordination among all Member States.

Sum up



- Open Access is here to stay
 (you can ask EU and the White House if you don't believe us)
- Using the CRIS as a single point of entry for both metadata records and accepted fulltext versions of articles
- Transferring fulltexts from the CRIS to the repositories
 Using the data in the CRIS to identify potential articles for
 self-archiving
- PASTEUR4OA will map and (hopefully) align policies across Europe
- So far, so good. Good synergy effects from combing OA and CRIS, and licencing and OA