## Focus on the User

Perception, Expectations and Needs

Aapo Puskala

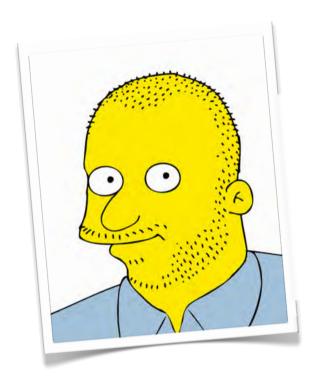
Usability Specialist, CEO

User Point Oy

aapo.puskala@userpoint.fi www.userpoint.fi



### Aapo Puskala



#### Aapo Puskala

Usability Specialist, CEO +358 40 722 0706 aapo.puskala@userpoint.fi www.userpoint.fi

















## When the user is ignored





## When the user is considered









## Perception

## Which way is she turning?









## Correct or good enough perception?



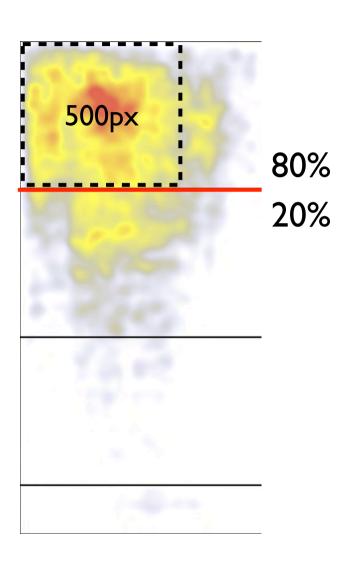


#### Whodunnit?





#### What do we look at?



- Top left corner is the first target
- 80% of time is used in the area visible when page loads.
- Empty space around an element highlights it efficiently
- The less there is content, the better it is understood
- 500x500 pixels from top left corner is the best area for content



## What users look at on web pages?



- Titles and subtitles
- Bold and underlined words
- Short paragraphs
- Lists
- Links
- Buttons



- Welcome texts
- Marketing text
- Long paragraphs
- Irrelevant images
- Banner ads



## "What sport does G. Brett play and where?"





### Gender differences

Men Women







## Needs



# "People don't want to buy a ¼ inch drill. They want a ¼ inch hole."

-Theodore Levitt, Harvard Business School



#### User's wants and needs



#### Wants

- Revealed by language
- Tell little about real usage
- Opinions
- Much variability
- Only things users are able to imagine coming true

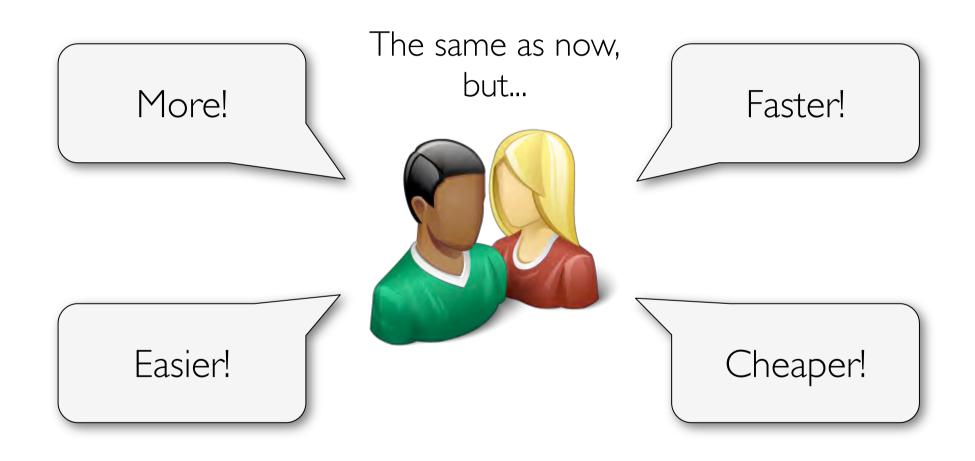


#### Needs

- Revealed by actions
- Tell a lot about real usage
- Less opinions
- Little variability



### What do the users want?





## User's select the easiest (percieved) path

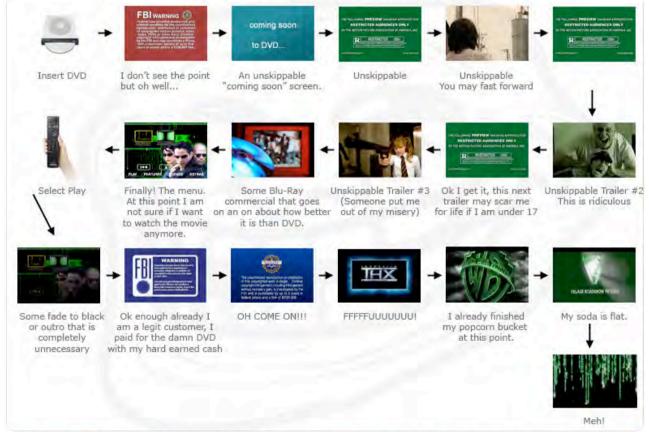
- Who needs the gate? Not the users!
- You must think like the user.
   They will not start thinking like you do.
  - Unfortunately this is very difficult to do.
- If something even seems complex, it is not even attempted.





## Good and bad use experience







## Example: Linnanmäki





## Two levels of usability

#### Surface

- Controls and how they work
- Icons
- Everything visible

#### **Functionality**

- What the user is trying to accomplish?
- Understanding the users' needs and aiming to satisfy those needs.



## Example: Finnair

Varaa lenno	t						
√ LENNOT	2	V	ARAA	VARAUKSENI	LÄHTÖSELVITYS	SUUNNITTELE	
						?) OH	
Meno-paluu	Yhdensuuntainen	✓ ✓ Useampi kohde	0	Maailmanympärir	matkat		
Katso lisäpalveluhi	nnasto						
Mistä		Lähtö 25 04 2	Lähtö 25.04.2014 III				
Mihin		Paluu Paluu	014				
		25.04.2	014				
Päivämäärissä	ni on joustoa (+/- 3	päivää)					
Matkustajatyyppi		Sylilapsia (<2) Luok	ka	FINNAIR PL	us		
Aikuisia ‡	1 + 0 +	0	nomy	☐ Palkintova	araus		
						HAE	
						HAL	
HOTELLIT	8						
	KRAUS —						
AUTONVUO							





## Expectations

## Utilize existing knowledge

- Don't break user's way of working
  - If there is an established way, use it
- Consistency
  - Consistent with established conventions
  - Consistent within the site/application itself
- User's expectations come from consistent interfaces
  - Your interface is always a very small part of the user's whole experience
  - You will have great difficulty trying to change their expectations







## Example: seat belts







## H-day 3.9.1967





## Example: seat adjustment lever





## Example: seat adjustment lever





# "Assumption is the mother of all mistakes."

-Eugene Lewis Fordsworthe



## Thank you!



Positive user experiences.



Aapo Puskala
Usability Specialist, CEO
+358 40 722 0706
aapo.puskala@userpoint.fi
www.userpoint.fi

